

GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF INSURANCE Daleko od Domu

1.	Prerequisites for paying compensation and other benefits	Art. 2 par. 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 13, 17, 20, 21, 23, 24, 26, 28, 32, 33, 40, 41; Art. 5 par. 3-5; Art. 7 par. 4; Art. 9 par. 12–16; Art. 10 par. 5; Art. 15; Art. 16; Art. 18; Art. 20; Art. 22; Art. 24; Art. 26; Art. 28; Art. 29.			
2.	Limitations and exclusions of liability of the insurance company giving grounds to refuse the payment of / or to reduce the compensation and other benefits	Art. 3 par. 5, 6; Art. 5 par. 1; Art. 7 par. 5; Art. 8 par. 4; Art. 9 par. 4; Art. 11; Art. 17; Art. 19; Art. 21; Art. 23; Art. 25; Art. 27; Art. 30; Appendix 1 to the GTC – Table of benefits and limits; Appendix 2 to the GTC – Table of injuries.			

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I. COMMON PROVISIONS

Article 1. General provisions

- These General Terms and Conditions of Insurance, hereinafter referred to
 as GTC, apply to insurance contracts concluded between Inter Partner
 Assistance S.A. with registered office in Brussels operating in Poland
 through Inter Partner Assistance S.A. Branch in Poland, comprising the
 AXA group, hereinafter referred to as Insurer, and the Policyholders.
- The insurance contract may be concluded on someone else's behalf, in this case the provisions of these GTC apply accordingly to the person in behalf of which the insurance contract has been concluded.

Article 2. Definitions of terms

The terms used in these GTC and other documents associated with the insurance contract will have the following meanings:

- 1. **Tourist agent** a tourist entrepreneur other than a Tourism organizer who, based on an agency agreement, sells or offers for sale tourist events created by the Tourism organizer.
- Agent an authorized representative of the Insurer acting as an intermediary while signing insurance contracts.
- Terrorist act ideologically motivated, planned and organized actions of individual persons or groups resulting in the violation of the existing legal order, undertaken in order to extort specific behaviors or services from state authorities and society.
- 4. **Amateur sport** activity of the Insured, the purpose of which is relaxation and entertainment, provided that they are carried out in designated places, on marked routes, paths and reservoirs, e.g.: aerobics, cycling, hockey, horse riding, ice skating, skiing / snowboarding, water scooters and snowmobiling, quads, canoeing and rafting to the degree of difficulty WW2, basketball, snorkeling, trekking without the use of specialized equipment and up to 3,500 meters above sea level, via ferrata of difficulty level A, windsurfing, sailing up to 12 nautical miles from the coast.
- 5. Vehicle failure is a random, unforeseen, improper functioning of the vehicle, due to internal reasons of mechanical, electrical, electronic or hydraulic origin causing its immobilization or which prevents driving in a safe manner or in accordance with the provisions in force in the country of the failure.
- 6. Baggage personal items usually used during a Trip, owned by the Insured and which the Insured took on the Trip, or items which were purchased by the Insured in a documented manner during a Trip, including Electronic devices. Depending on the Package, the insurance may include Company equipment and Sports equipment.
- 7. **Assistance Call Center** organizational unit dealing, on behalf of the Insurer, with arranging and rendering assistance services to the Insured as specified in these GTC and in adjusting claims.
- 8. **Chronic disease** all disorders or deviations from the norms, in the health condition, which were diagnosed, treated or showed symptoms during the period of 24 months prior to the date on which the insurance contract was concluded.
- Insurance document policy, certificate or other document issued by the Insurer or on its behalf as a confirmation of concluding an insurance contract based on these GTC.
- Electronic devices items owned by the Insured: mobile phone, photographic equipment, cameras, computer equipment, home electronics, electronic games, home appliances.
- 11. **Hospitalization** hospital treatment associated with the need to stay in hospital for at least 24 hours.
- 12. **Tourist event** a combination of at least two different types of travel services (e.g. accommodation, transport, car rental) for the same Trip.
- 13. Alcohol clause under this clause the provisions of art. 11 par. 3 item 7 in relation to the medical expenses and assistance insurance as well as Personal accident - the Insurer is also liable if the Insured Event was related to the Insured remaining in a state of inebriation or after drinking alcohol.

- 14. **Natural disaster** destructive action of the forces of nature in the form of fire, lightning, wind, hailstorm, hurricane, flood, avalanches, landslides, volcano eruptions, earthquakes.
- Customer Policyholder, Insured, beneficiary and person seeking insurance cover, being a natural person, legal person or entity not possessing a legal personality.
- 16. Theft with burglary attempt to seize or seizure of an item belonging to the Insured by a third party by breaking-in, i.e. entering locked premises, by unlawfully breaking security devices or overcoming another security obstacle using force.
- 17. **Country of permanent residence** the country in which the Insured is currently covered by the general health insurance or the country in which the Insured resides with the intention of permanent residence.
- 18. **Places with extreme climatic conditions** areas requiring the use of specialized safety or security equipment: desert, bush, tundra, taiga, jungle, ice areas and snow areas.
- Place of residence a residential apartment or single-family home located the Country of permanent residence in which the Insured lives permanently.
- Sudden illness sudden health disorder of the Insured, which, due to its
 nature, poses a direct threat to life or health of the Insured regardless of
 its will and requires immediate, necessary treatment.
- 21. **Personal Accident** unexpected and sudden event caused by external circumstances, in the consequence of which the Insured, irrespective of its will, suffered a health disorder, physical injury or died.
- 22. **Tourism organizer** an entrepreneur organizing a tourist event, entered into the relevant register and conducting business in accordance with the law specifying the provision of tourist services.
- 23. **Relative** person living in the same household with the Insured on the day the Insured event occurs, being for the Insured:
 - a) a spouse or life partner;
 - b) child, stepchild, adopted child or child adopted into custody;
 - c) parent, adopter, father-in-law, mother-in-law, stepfather, stepmother,
 - d) grandfather, grandmother, grandchild, sibling, son-in-law, daughter-in-law.

With regard to Trip Cancellation insurance, a Relative means a spouse, children, parents, legal guardians, parents-in-law, siblings, grandparents, grandchildren and cohabiting couples who are not co-insured at the same time

- 24. Trip temporary change of the location includes travel to, stay outside of Poland or the Country of permanent residence and return to the Place of residence of the Insured.
- 25. Manual labor performance by the Insured for non-profit (e.g. practice, volunteering, training) or earning purposes (regardless of the legal basis of employment), which are based mainly on muscle strength and manual or practical skills (e.g. activities performed with the use of dangerous tools, work at heights, renovation and construction work, underground work, unloading in transport).
- 26. **Robbery** use of violence or a threat to use violence directly by a third party against the Insured to seize property belonging to the Insured.
- 27. **Complaint** Customer's address to the Insurer in which the Customer presents reservations to the services rendered by the Insurer.
- 28. **High risk sports** Competitive sports and participating in expeditions to Places with extreme climatic conditions; as well as sports disciplines, which require extraordinary skills, courage and action in high risk conditions and/or contain elements of acrobatics, in particular: downhill, disciplines related to air travel, freedive, go-carting, football, canoeing and rafting WW3-WW5, kite-surfing and all of its variants, mountain biking, archery (including half-marathon and ultramarathon), off-road skiing and snowboarding, diving with a breathing apparatus over 10 m (with instructor or required certificate), rugby, speleology, motor sports (except quads and scooters), martial arts and sports, trekking with the use of specialized equipment or at altitudes 3,500 meters above sea level, via ferrata of difficulty level B to E, combined events, climbing, sailing over 12 nautical miles from the coast.

- 29. **Rehabilitation equipment** the following equipment recommended by the attending physician in the medical documentation: crutches, cervical collar, corset, light plaster cast, sling, orthosis.
- 30. Business equipment electronic devices and advertising accessories, models, sales prototypes belonging to the Insured's employer or principal, entrusted to the Insured for the purpose of fulfilling the company's obligations.
- 31. **Sports equipment** equipment and devices used for sport purposes.
- 32. **Geographical zones** three geographical zones:
 - Europe the geographical region of Europe including the countries of the Mediterranean basin, i.e. Cyprus, Egypt, Georgia, Israel, Lebanon, Libya, Malta, Monaco, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, the Canary Islands and Russia (including its Asian part);
 - World without US and Canada all countries of the world, excluding the U.S. and Canada;
 - 3) World all countries of the world.
- 33. **Permanent health impairment -** permanent physical bodily injury or loss of health arisen as a result of a Personal accident, which causes an impairment of the body's functions and not promising any improvement.
- 34. Policyholder natural person, legal person or organizational unit not having legal personality, which concluded an insurance contract with the Insurer.
- 35. Insured natural person who is covered by the insurance contract.
- 36. **Beneficiary** person designated by the Insured, entitled to receive the benefit in case of the Insured's death. If the Beneficiary is not appointed, the benefits are due to the heirs of the Insured in the order and amount consistent with the rules of statutory succession.
- 37. **Service provider** entity possessing appropriate competencies and authorizations to provide specialized consultancy services to the Insured in relation to the occurrence of the Insured event, for instance, attorneyat-law, legal counsel, expert witness, assessor, translator/interpreter.
- Co-Insured person traveling together with the Insured, whose data are contained in the same booking document or which is insured under the same policy.
- Competitive sports regular and intense form of sport activity consisting of:
 - participation in trainings, competitions or fitness camps in relation to belonging to a section or sports club,
 - participation in competitions organized by any organization dealing with physical culture or a sports club, as well as preparations for them;
 - practicing sports professionally for profit (in particular by instructors and sports coaches).
- 40. COVID-19 illness a sudden disorder of the Insured's state of health which occurred as a result of infection with the SARS-CoV-2 virus (confirmed by a test performed in accordance with the doctor's recommendation after an examination of the Insured), which poses a direct threat to the Insured's life or health and requires the necessary immediate treatment.
- 41. **Insured event** event covered by the insurance contract which occurred during the Insurance Period, on the basis of which the Insurer's obligation to render an insurance benefit to the Insured or third party arises in accordance with the provisions of these GTC. Events caused by a single cause and covering all circumstances and their consequences, connected by a cause-and-effect relationship, time of occurrence or another direct factor, will be deemed to constitute a single Insured event.

Article 3. Conclusion of the insurance contract

- 1. The insurance contract is concluded at the request of the Policyholder.
- 2. In case of group insurance (where one insurance contract covers at least 2 persons) all persons on behalf of which a given insurance contract was concluded are covered by the same insurance coverage (same package) and the Sums insured and limits of indemnity apply to every Insured separately. It is possible to extend the coverage of individual Insureds in the case of extending insurance cover specified in Article 5 par. 4.
- 3. In case of concluding an insurance contract via the website, detailed information about the insurance contract conclusion process are

- contained in the Regulations for concluding distance contracts, available at www.axa-assistance.pl, through which the insurance contract is signed.
- 4. If the Policyholder takes out insurance on behalf of a third party (Insured), he is obliged to give the Insured the GTC and to acquaint him/her with the tenor of the insurance contract and to inform the Insured about his/her rights and obligations.
- 5. The signing of the Trip Cancellation insurance is possible up to 14 calendar days from the date of booking a tourist event, airplane ticket or accommodation and paying at least a part of the due amount (advance payment), unless less than 30 days have been planned before the Trip then conclusion of the contract in the scope of cancellation is possible only on the same day in which the reservation was made and fees were paid.
- The insurance contract is deemed to be signed when the Policyholder receives the Insurance Document, provided that the insurance premium is paid.
- The tenor of the legal relationship under the insurance contract ensues jointly from these GTC and the Insurance document.

Article 4. Withdrawal from the insurance contract

- If the insurance contract is concluded remotely, the Policyholder, as a consumer, has the right to withdraw from the insurance contract whose Insurance Period is at least 30 days within 30 days from being informed about the conclusion of the contract.
- If the insurance contract is concluded in another manner and the
 insurance contract is concluded for a Period longer than six months, the
 Policyholder has the right to withdraw from the insurance contract within
 30 days, and if the Policyholder is an entrepreneur, within 7 days from the
 date on which the contract is concluded.
- 3. Exercise of the rights stipulated above in par. 1 and 2 does not release the Policyholder from the obligation to pay the premium for the period during which the Insurer provided insurance cover.

Article 5. Insurance coverage

- The insurance covers Insureds in the Insurance Period during their Trip to the selected Geographical zone outside of Poland and the Country of permanent residence.
- 2. The coverage, the insurance package and its territorial range are indicated in the Insurance document.
- The insurance coverage depending on the Package (in accordance with Appendix 1 - Table of benefits and limits) covers the following types of risks:
 - 1) Medical expenses and assistance,
 - 2) Personal Accident,
 - 3) Baggage,
 - 4) Third-party liability in private life,
 - 5) Abandoned property insurance.
- 4. Additionally, depending on the selected Package, the insurance contract may cover events related to:
 - 1) High risk sports,
 - 2) Manual labor,
 - Insured remaining in the state of intoxication or after alcohol consumption (alcohol clause).
- $5. \quad \text{The insurance cover may be extended by the following additional clauses:} \\$
 - 1) Trip Cancellation / Interruption,
 - 2) Moto assistance,
 - 3) Continuation of treatment in Poland.

Article 6. Insurance premium

- The Insurer specifies the insurance premium on the basis of the rates in effect on the day the insurance contract is concluded. The amount depends on the coverage and insurance package, the Insurance Period, the Geographical zone and the number of Insureds.
- The insurance premium is expressed in Polish zlotys. Its value is indicated in the Insurance document.

- The insurance premium is payable once for the entire Insurance Period or in monthly installments. Payment in installments is only possible for insurance contracts concluded for multiple Trips, indicated in Article 7 par. 2 item 2)
- 4. If the premium is paid in installments, failure to pay the next installment of the premium causes the Insurer's liability to cease, after unsuccessful summoning of the Policyholder to pay the overdue payment within 7 days from the date of receipt of the request.
- 5. The obligation to pay the premium encumbers the Policyholder.
- 6. The payment of the insurance premium takes place:
 - upon crediting the account of the entity providing payment services to the Insurer with insurance premium, if the Insurer uses distance payments;
 - upon handing over cash to the Agent, if the Policyholder pays the insurance premium in cash.

Article 7. Insurance period

- The insurance period is indicated in the Insurance Document and it is the period during which the Insurer grants insurance cover.
- 2. The insurance period is:
 - 1) minimum one day, and maximum one year for One-Off Trips;
 - one year for multiple Trips, with the insurance cover being provided for the first 60 days of each Insured Trip made during the insurance period, regardless of their number.
- The insurance cover starts only with respect to insurance contracts which have been successfully concluded (i.e. for which the insurance premium has been paid).
- 4. The insurance cover and the right to benefits under the insurance contract commence from the date indicated in the Insurance Document and ends at the end of the insurance period, subject to the fact that:
 - for Medical Expenses and Transport, Baggage, Third-Party Liability, abandoned property and moto assistance - it starts when the Insured crosses the border of the Country of permanent residence upon exit and ends when the Insured crosses the border of his Country of permanent residence upon his return from the Trip;
 - for Personal Accident, it starts not earlier than when the Insured leaves the Place of Residence with the immediate intention of starting the Trip, and ends when the Insured returns to the Place of Residence after the end of the Trip;
 - 3) for the Trip Cancellation prior to its commencement, it starts on the day after the date specified in the Insurance Document as the date of signing of the insurance contract, and ends at the start of the Tourist Event, plane take-off in the case of an airplane ticket or check-in case of accommodation;
 - 4) for the Trip Interruption, it starts with the beginning of the Trip and ends with the start of the last day of the Trip.
- 5. In a situation where the start of the Insurance Period falls on the same day on which the insurance contract is concluded, insurance cover starts after the lapse of four hours counting from the moment the insurance premium is paid. This rule does not apply if the insurance contract is being renewed, and the renewal takes place before the end of the Insurance Period ensuing from the previous insurance contract concluded in behalf of the given Insured with the Insurer.
- 6. The Insurance Period, and thus insurance cover, is automatically extended by the time needed to return to the Place of residence, though not longer than 48 hours, in case of inability of the Insured to return from a Trip on the initially planned date, for the following reasons:
 - 1) Natural disaster and rescue conducted in relation to its occurrence;
 - Breakdown of a means of transport in which the Insured planned to return;
 - 3) Cancellation of or delay in the departure of the means of return transport due to poor atmospheric conditions making the Trip unsafe;
 - 4) Terroristic act;
 - Accident of the means of transport making it impossible to travel back on time;

In case of a prolongation of the Trip abroad for the aforementioned reasons, the Insured is obliged to immediately contact the Assistance Call Center to inform the Insurer about this fact.

- 7. The Insurer's liability expires:
 - 1) upon exhausting the sum insured for a given risk or limit for a benefit;
 - 2) on the day the Policyholder withdraws from the insurance contract;
 - 3) on the day of the Insured's death with regards to that Insured;
 - 4) on the last day of the insurance period; whatever happens first.

Article 8. Sum insured

- The amount constituting the upper limit of the Insurer's liability for losses sustained in the Insurance Period.
- 2. The sum insured for individual Packages, risks and benefits is indicated in the Table of Benefits and Limits, constituting Annex 1 to these GTC.
- The sum insured and the limit are set for one and all Insured events for each Insured. Every benefit realized in relation to a given Insured Event reduces the sum insured and the limit.
- 4. In case of Trip Cancellation / Interruption insurance, the sum insured is the paid Tourist Event price specified in the contract, the price of tickets or accommodation, however, not more than PLN 45,000 for all Insureds together.

Article 9. Determination of the justness of the claims and the value of the benefits

- Should the Insured event occur, the Insured is obligated to contact the
 Assistance Call Center without delay via available means of electronic
 communication or at the 24h number +48 22 575 97 28 and notify the
 Insurer about the event occurrence by providing true information about
 the occurrence and consequences of such event and all other insurance
 contracts pertaining to the same risks.
- Determining the legitimacy of claims and the amount of benefits due is carried out on the basis of the complete documentation submitted by the Insured.
- 3. In the event of a claim for the provision of medical services under the insurance contract, the Insurer may request that medical documentation is delivered, further consents and statements are submitted, necessary to determine the Insurer's liability and benefits. In particular, the Insurer may request consent:
 - a) to provide access to information about the health state by the entity conducting the medical activity,
 - b) to obtain information from the National Health Fund,
 - c) to obtain information from other insurers.
- 4. In the case of medical expenses and assistance insurance, if the Insured incurred costs without contacting the Assistance Call Center, the Insurer may reimburse costs up to the amount of the costs incurred by the Assistance Call Center while arranging a given benefit.
- At the request of the Insurer, if the documents indicated in these GTC prove to be insufficient, the Insured will be required to submit other documents necessary to determine the legitimacy of the claims and the benefit.
- In the event of the Insured's death, the Beneficiary is obliged to submit a summary death certificate of the Insured and the set of documents provided for in these GTC for a given Insured Event.
- 7. The Insurer will pay the benefit within 30 days from the day on which the occurrence of the Insured event is reported.
- 8. If it is impossible to clarify the circumstances necessary to determine the Insurer's liability or the value of the benefit within the above deadline, the benefit will be paid within 14 days from the day on which, taking all due care, it became possible to clarify those circumstances, with a reservation that the indisputable part of the benefit will be paid by the Insurer within the deadline stipulated in par. 6 of this Article.
- If the benefit is not due or is due at a different amount from the one specified in the claim, the Insurer will inform the claimant in writing, indicating the circumstances and legal basis justifying total or partial refusal to pay the benefit.

- 10. The benefit is paid in Polish zlotys, with the exception of direct payments to foreign health care institutions or other foreign entities.
- 11. The conversion into Polish zlotys of expenses incurred in foreign currencies is made at the average NBP exchange rate binding on the day the benefit payment decision is issued.
- 12. In addition, the following provisions shall apply to define the amount of the benefit in case of the Personal Accident insurance:
 - in order to determine the benefits in case of a Personal Accident it is necessary to establish the cause and effect relationship between the Personal Accident and the Permanent health impairment or death of the Insured.
 - permanent health impairment is deemed to be only and exclusively those types of damage, which are listed in the Table of Injuries, constituting Annex 2 to these GTC;
 - When determining the degree of a Permanent health impairment the type of work being performed by the Insured is not taken into account.
 - 4) The degree of Permanent health impairment is determined after the end of treatment, convalescence and rehabilitation procedures, however not later than 24 months after the Personal Accident;
 - 5) The certified degree of Permanent health impairment is expressed as a percentage and constitutes the basis for calculating the value of the benefit which corresponds to the percentage of the sum insured.
 - 6) In a situation where the Insured sustained more than one Permanent health impairment, the overall degree of the health impairments equals to the sum of all percentages determined in case of each impairment, however, the sum cannot exceed 100%.
 - 7) In situations where the Permanent health impairment consists in the loss of or damage to an organ or system whose functioning was impaired already before the Personal Accident, then the degree of the Permanent health impairment constitutes the difference between the percentage of impairment after the Personal Accident and the percentage of impairment before the Personal Accident.
 - 8) When the Insurer paid out the benefit in virtue of Permanent health impairment before the Insured's death, then the death benefit is reduced by the amount of the benefit previously paid.
- 13. In addition, the following provisions shall apply to define the amount of the benefit in case of baggage insurance:
 - 1) The value of the compensation is determined on the basis of the costs of repairing the baggage if damaged, or on the basis of the value of the contents of the baggage if lost, with a reservation that the value of the items is determined on the basis of proofs of purchase (bills, confirmations of payment) or by referring to a new item with identical properties, taking into account the level of wear and tear of the item lost.
 - The extent of the loss is not affected by the sentimental, historical, collector's or scientific value of the given item.
 - 3) If stolen items are recovered, the Insured should notify the Insurer about this fact. If the Insurer has already paid the compensation for the recovered items, he is entitled to claim for the refund of an amount of compensation by the Insured or a claim for the assignment by the Insured of the ownership rights to the recovered items. If the compensation has not been paid yet, the Insurer pays the amount taking into account the fact of the Insured has recovered said items.
 - 4) The Insurer pays a benefit in the amount which is not recognized by a professional carrier or another entity responsible for the baggage the moment it got damaged or lost, up to a maximum amount equal to the Sum insured.
- 14. In addition, the following provisions shall apply to define the amount of the benefit in case of third-party liability insurance:
 - 1) In situations where the Insured is informed about preparatory proceedings being launched against him/her or about an action being brought to court against him/her, the Insured is obliged to immediately not later than within 7 days inform the Insurer about this fact, also if the Insured has previously informed the Insurer about the occurrence of an Insured event. At the same time, the Insured is obliged to provide the Insurer with all documents and information

- related to the loss and necessary to determine liability under the third-party liability insurance;
- Satisfaction or recognition by the Insured of a claim to remedy the insured loss has no legal effect against the Insurer if the Insurer has not expressed prior consent.
- 3) If the Insured recognizes the claim of the aggrieved party for compensation for the Loss and satisfied it, the Insured is obliged to allow the Insurer to perform activities necessary to determine the circumstances of occurrence of the Loss, the justness and the value of the claim.
- 15. Moreover, in order to determine the benefit in the event of Trip Interruption, unused travel services shall mean the unused portion of the benefits provided in the Trip booking agreement (in the case of a Tourist Event and accommodation booking a certain percentage of the Trip price corresponding to unused Trip days, in the case of airline tickets reimbursement of the cost of unused tickets).
- 16. Moreover, to determine the amount of the loss suffered by the Insured in the abandoned property insurance, the following is taken into account:
 - 1) replacement value of the insured items in relation to their loss or damage,
 - 2) cost of repairing damaged insured items, taking into account the average market prices of services and materials applicable on the local market or the cost of repair on the basis of bills submitted by the Insured. The repair cost cannot exceed the value of the insured item.
- 17. If the Insured deliberately failed to fulfill his obligations under these GTC, the Insurer may reduce the benefit to the extent that failure to fulfill this obligation contributed to preventing the establishment of circumstances affecting the Insurer's liability.

Article 10. Procedure in the event of a loss

- Duties of the Insured ensuing from the provisions of this Article also apply to the person filing a claim for the insurance benefit.
- The Insured is obliged, as far as possible, to prevent the loss from increasing and to limit its consequences.
- 3. In case of an Insured Event, the Insured is obliged:
 - to supply all available information necessary to determine the right to benefits, in particular: PESEL number or date of birth, first and last name of the Insured:
 - to clearly explain the circumstances of the Insured Event, in particular, the date and place of its occurrence;
 - to provide a phone number at which the Assistance Call Center may contact the Insured.
- 4. Moreover, the Insured is obliged:
 - to follow the guidelines and interact effectively with the Assistance Call Center,
 - 2) to authorize, in the required form, the Assistance Call Center to seek information and opinions of doctors conducting treatment and other persons or institutions in matters related to the Insured Event in the scope resulting from the provisions of law,
 - 3) to collect all documents regarding the Insured Event necessary to establish the legitimacy of the claim,
 - 4) at the Insurer's request, to undergo a medical examination for the purpose of determining the degree of the Permanent health impairment. The costs of the aforementioned examination are borne by the Insurer.
- 5. The Insured will submit a claim to the Insurer within 7 days from returning to the Country of residence, containing a duly completed claim form and documents confirming the legitimacy of the claims.
- 6. Depending on the type of loss, the claim should contain:
 - 1) completed and signed loss report form,
 - 2) medical record which describes the type and nature of injuries or symptoms, containing a precise diagnosis and treatment prescribed;
 - 3) police report or protocol drawn up by another institution in case of events related to the intervention of the given authorities (including confirmation of Theft with burglary or Robbery with the identification of lost items, with information on their type and quantity and at least approximate value;

- 4) receipts and proofs of their payment,
- 5) statements of victims or witnesses of the incident,
- provide an acknowledgment of accepting the Baggage to the storage room or confirming its delay;
- information from the carrier or other entity on the amount in which the claim of the Insured was recognized regarding the same subject matter.

Article 11. General exclusions of liability

- 1. The Insurer is not liable if the Insured:
 - is acting contrary to the instructions of the attending physician in so far that it has affected the occurrence or increased the injury;
 - 2) did not release the attending physician or other institution from the confidentiality obligation, if the Assistance Call Center informs of such a necessity in order to determine the Insurer's liability;
 - remains in an area 6500 meters above sea level, in the Antarctic or Arctic
- 2. The Insurer is not liable for events being a consequence of:
 - 1) intentional actions of the Insured or his/her co-habitant;
 - gross negligence of the Insured, unless the payment of the benefit in these circumstances complies with the rules of equity;
- 3. The insurance does not cover cases in which the event occurred as a consequence of:
 - hoodlum behavior, participation in fights or committal of a crime by the Insured or an attempt of the Insured to commit a crime;
 - active participation of the Insured in mutinies, demonstrations, uprisings or unrests, public acts of violence, strikes or as a result of intervention or decision of public authorities;
 - lack of appropriate valid authorizations to perform a given activity, for instance, driving license of a given category, license to dive without an instructor;
 - failure to take preventive vaccinations required by the World Health Organization prior to taking a Trip to a given country;
 - 5) sexually transmitted diseases, AIDS, HIV;
 - 6) mental disorders;
 - the Insured remaining in the state of intoxication or after drinking alcohol (subject to the alcohol clause regarding insurance for the costs of treatment and consequences of accidents),
 - the Insured remaining under the influence of psychoactive substances;
 - 9) unless the cover has been extended in this regard:
 - a) practicing High Risk Sports;
 - b) performance of manual labor;
 - c) consequences of chronic diseases, with the exception of cover for the medical expenses and medical assistance insurance in packages Podróżnik and Zdobywca;
 - 10) practicing sports outside specially designated places;
 - 11) participation in animal hunting;
 - participation in competitions or rallies as a driver, pilot or passenger of any motor vehicles, also during trial and test runs;
 - 13) performance of stunts;
 - 14) fulfilling the function of a soldier, policeman, member of other uniformed forces or another unit or security forces;
- 4. Moreover, the insurance does not cover cases where the event:
 - took place as a result of a suicide, attempted suicide or as a result of intentional self-inflicted bodily injury, regardless of the state of sanity;
 - occurred during a Trip commenced by the Insured after the Ministry
 of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Poland published a highest degree
 warning against travels to a given country;
 - was caused by chemical or biological contamination or a nuclear threat;
 - 4) was caused by epidemics (excluding the events specified in Article 2 paragraph 40 in connection with Article 15 paragraph 2, Article 29 paragraph 3a and specified in Article 16 paragraph 2 point 2 and Article 29 paragraph 3c of these GTC);
 - 5) occurred during the use of pyrotechnic materials.

5. The Insurer will not refund the costs of telephone calls to the Insurer.

Article 12. Recourse claims

- On the day the benefit is paid the claims against the third party liable for the loss are transferred to the Insurer, up to the amount of the benefit paid by the Insurer. In a situation where the Insurer covered only a part of the loss, the Insured has priority of satisfaction of claims before the Insurer's claims as regards the remaining part.
- The Insured's claims referred to in par. 1 hereof against persons with whom the Insured lives in the same household or for which is responsible are not transferred to the Insurer, unless the perpetrator caused the loss intentionally.
- The Insured is obliged to offer assistance to the Insurer in pursuing claims
 for compensation against persons responsible for the loss by providing
 the necessary information and documents and to make it possible to take
 actions necessary to pursue recourse claims.

Article 13. Complaints and court disputes

- 1. Complaints are filed:
 - 1) in writing:
 - a) in person at the Insurer's registered office or the Agent's branch;
 - b) by post to the Insurer's address:

 Quality Department of Inter Partner Asisstance Polska Sp. z o.o.

 ul. Giełdowa 1; 01-211 Warszawa
 - 2) electronically to the e-mail address: quality@axa-assistance.pl.
- 2. The Complaint should contain the following data:
 - 1) Customer's first and last name; company's name;
 - 2) the Customer's full correspondence address, or
 - 3) e-mail address to which the reply should be sent;
 - 4) indication of the insurance contract referred to in the Complaint;
 - 5) description of the problem being reported as well as the subject and circumstances justifying the Complaint;
 - 6) actions expected by the Customer;
 - if the Customer expects that the reply be sent by electronic mail the Customer's request in this regard.
- If in the process of considering the Complaint it is necessary to obtain additional information related to the notification, the Insurer will ask the Customer to provide such information.
- 4. The Insurer will reply without unnecessary delay, not later though than within 30 days of receiving the Complaint. To observe the deadline, it is sufficient to send the reply before the deadline is up.
- In particularly complicated cases which make it impossible to consider the Complaint and to reply to it within the deadline referred to in par. 4, the Insurer:
 - 1) explains the reason for the delay;
 - 2) indicates the circumstances which must be clarified in order for the case to be examined:
 - 3) indicates the anticipated date by which the Complaint will be examined and a reply given.
- The Insurer's reply will be sent to the postal address, unless the Customer asked that the reply be sent by electronic mail, in this case the reply will be sent electronically to the e-mail address.
- 7. The Customer may take legal action. The action for claim under the insurance contract may be brought before a competent court in accordance with the law on general jurisdiction or before a court having jurisdiction over the place of residence or registered office of the Policyholder, or the place of residence of the Insured, the person entitled or their beirs.
- 8. The Customer being a consumer may also ask a competent local District (Municipal) Consumer Ombudsman for assistance.
- 9. The Customer has the right to apply to the Financial Ombudsman to conduct a procedure aimed at settling a consumer dispute associated with the insurance contract out-of-court. More information about this subject is available on the Financial Ombudsman's website at https://rf.gov.pl/.

Article 14. Final provisions

- All declarations, notifications and applications related to the insurance contract and submitted to the Insurer, excluding those which, on the basis of these GTC, are conveyed to the Assistance Call Center, should be submitted in writing under the pain of nullity. The documentation related to determining the liability of the insurer addressed to the Assistance Call Center and Complaints may be delivered via e-mail to the address likwidacja@axa-assistance.pl. At the request of the Assistance Call Center, in justified cases, the Insured is obliged to provide originals of documents previously sent by e-mail.
- 2. The Polish language applies in all contacts and correspondence with the Insurer. Foreign languages are allowed in case of medical records, however, the Insurer may demand that the documentation be translated by a sworn translator into Polish.
- 3. In case of insurance contracts to which these GTC apply are governed by the Polish law
- Assistance to the Insured in relation to the Insured event is provided in accordance with the laws of the country in which it is provided or as part of international laws.

II. MEDICAL EXPENSES AND ASSISTANCE

Article 15. Subject and insurance coverage of medical expenses and medical assistance

- The insurance covers medically required and documented expenses and related assistance costs of the Insured, who had to undergo treatment in relation to the Insured Event.
- 2. An Insured Event in the case of medical expenses and assistance insurance is a Sudden illness, COVID-19 illness or Personal Accident of the Insured, which occurred in the Insurance Period during a Trip, and which requires necessary and immediate treatment abroad, aimed at stabilizing the Insured's health to such an extent so that he or she can continue the journey or return to the country of permanent residence and possibly continue treatment.
- 3. Medical expenses and medical assistance shall mean expenses incurred to cover:
 - examinations necessary to make a diagnosis and to commence treatment:
 - 2) medical consultations necessary in view of Insured's health;
 - hospitalization while providing standard medical care and related medical costs (including costs of surgery, anesthesia, medicines, hospital food);
 - medical supplies medicines, dressings, auxiliary and orthopedic devices prescribed by a doctor;
 - 5) dental services for acute dental pain conditions treated with extraction or using a primary filling (including X-ray). The sub-limit of the sum insured for this benefit indicated in the Benefits and Limits Table applies to all illnesses taking place in the Insurance Period. This limit does not apply to the costs of dental treatment associated with a Personal Accident;
 - 6) transport of the Insured to / from a medical facility (including doctor's visit to the Insured) from the place of the Insured Event, justified by the Insured's health condition and accepted by the Assistance Call Center;
 - transport between facilities from one medical facility to another, if required by the Insured's health condition;
 - 8) **rescue** intervention of an ambulance or helicopter transfer from the place of an Insured Event to the nearest appropriate medical facility, if required by the Insured's health condition;
 - 9) **transport to the Country of permanent residence** repatriation of the Insured by means of transport adapted to his health condition, if for health reasons it was impossible to use the originally planned means of transport (the decision is made by the Assistance Call Center Doctor in consultation with the Insured and a doctor in charge).
 - 10) transport to the Place of residence if, for health reasons, the Insured has limited mobility in relation to the Insured Event and upon his return to the Country of permanent residence, he requires transport to the Place of residence (the decision on the choice of means of

- transport is made by the Assistance Call Center doctor in consultation with the Insured and the doctor in charge).
- 11) extended stay of the Insured abroad, if the originally planned period of the Trip expired, and the Insured in relation to the Insured Event could not make the return journey on the scheduled date and planned means of transport and at the same time does not require Hospitalization.
 - The Insurer covers the costs of accommodation and the costs of boarding of the Insured for a period necessary to organize transport (repatriation) compliant with the provisions of par. 3 item 9) of this Article;
- 12) **transport of the body and purchase of the Insured's transport coffin** to the place of burial in the country of permanent residence, if the Insured died during the Trip as a result of the Insured Event.

The Assistance Call Center, in concert with a Relative, takes care of all formalities, chooses the method and means of transport and makes arrangements.

The Assistance Call Center may organize and cover the costs of cremation and transporting the urn with the Insured's ashes to the Country of permanent residence or of a burial of the Insured abroad, up to a maximum amount equal to the costs which the Assistance Call Center would have incurred organizing the transport of the body to Poland;

- 13) **transport and stay of a Relative called to assist an underage Insured** if, during the Trip abroad, the Insured must be hospitalized as a result of an Insured Event and is not accompanied by an adult.

 The Assistance Call Center, in consultation with the Insured, takes a decision regarding the organization and coverage of transport costs to the Insured's place of hospitalization and back (by train or bus, and when the travel time exceeds 12 hours by economy class) and accommodation costs for one person indicated by the Insured.
- 14) stay of a Relative called to the Insured indicated by the Insured, if during a Foreign Trip the attending physician determines that the Insured must be hospitalized for more than 10 days as a result of an Insured Event or if the physician treating the Insured ascertains a lifethreatening condition.

The Assistance Call Center, in consultation with the Insured, takes a decision to arrange and cover transport costs to the Insured's place of hospitalization and back (by train or bus, and when the travel time exceeds 12 hours - by economy class) and accommodation costs for one person indicated by the Insured.

Article 16. Subject and insurance coverage of other assistance

- Additionally, depending on the insurance package chosen, Assistance includes assistance during a Trip.
- ${\bf 2.} \quad {\bf The \, subject \, of \, Assistance \, insurance \, are \, services \, including:}$
 - 1) Assistance Call Centre available 24/7;
 - 2) insurance against quarantine or isolation if during the Trip the Insured does not suffer from COVID-19 illness as defined (inter alia he/she does not require treatment) but is subjected to the necessity of quarantine or isolation in order to prevent the spread of the COVID-19 disease, on the basis of a named and documented decision of the local administrative authorities, he/she shall be entitled to the following benefits:
 - a) extended stay of the Insured abroad if the originally planned period of the Trip has expired and the Insured could not make the return trip at the planned time and by the planned means of transport. The Insurer shall cover the costs of the Insured's stay for the period necessary to organise transport (repatriation) in accordance with the provisions of article 16 section 2 point 2b;
 - b) transport to the Country of permanent residence if the Insured cannot use the originally planned means of transport, the Insurer shall organise and cover the costs of the Insured's return to the country of permanent residence. Transport shall be by train or by bus, and in situations when the expected time of arrival by the

above-mentioned means of transport would exceed 12 hours, the Insurer shall organize transport by plane in economy class.

- 3) Baggage delay if during the Trip there is a delay in delivery of the Insured Baggage sent against a receipt, by at least 6 hours (counting from the moment the Insured landed at the destination airport), the Insurer pays the compensation to the Insured; the compensation is not payable if the delay occurs during the return journey - when returning to the Country of permanent residence and in the case of charter flights;
- 4) **flight delay or cancellation** if during the Trip of the Insured a flight is delayed by at least 6 hours or in the case of flight cancellation the carrier has not organized an alternative transport option to be carried out within 6 hours from the originally planned (counting from the planned departure), the Insurer will pay compensation to the Insured; compensation is not payable if the delay occurs in Poland or in Country of permanent residence and in the case of domestic flights and charter flights;
- 5) **hotline** operating 24/7 and providing information about:
 - a) current exchange rates;
 - b) diplomatic offices and consulates;
 - c) documents required to cross the border of the given country;
 - d) possible fees charged when crossing the border;
 - e) climatic conditions and weather forecasts in the target country;
 - f) general level of security in the destination country;
 - g) finding contact to ambulance services;
 - h) mandatory and recommended vaccinations and addresses of vaccination points;
 - i) epidemics;
 - j) foreign counterparts to Polish medications;
 - k) not recommended health care facilities;
 - l) specific types of health risks in the given area;
- telephone interpreting in English, and possibly in other languages during police control, in contact with the medical facility personnel or when filling in documents;
- 7) legal assistance protection of legitimate (i.e. when there is a chance for the Insured to settle the case, it is not contrary to the principles of social coexistence and morality and its costs do not remain in gross disproportion to the intended purpose) of the Insured's legal interests in a situation where during a trip the Insured suffered personal injury or property loss and seeks damages or where during a trip he is accused of violating criminal law or the law of offenses. The insured is entitled to the following benefits:
 - legal advice and presentation of the scenario, followed by actions (covering the costs of the Service Provider's remuneration for analyzing or giving opinions on the Insured's legal situation);
 - b) translation of documents, preparation of an expert's or appraiser's opinion (covering the costs of the Service Provider);
 - c) taking actions in court proceedings before courts of all instances (covering the fees of the Service Provider for representation / legal representation of the Insured, costs of proceedings before common, administrative and arbitration tribunals and costs of proceedings awarded against the Insured to the other party or the Treasury).
 - Legal assistance insurance does not cover disputes between: the Policyholder or the Insurer and the Insured; between next of kin; between co-owners of property; when value of the dispute does not exceed € 100; related to the pursuit of commercial activities by the Insured; under the third-party liability of the Insured; regarding copyright and intellectual property; regarding family law; social security or public health system; resulting from games or plants; arising from contracts concluded before the start of the Trip;
- 8) **lifestyle assistance** organization of services related to the Trip, for which an insurance contract has been concluded, including:
 - organization of leisure activities at a place chosen by the Insured i.e. booking of a selected hotel, boarding house, trips organized by travel agents;

- b) booking, organization of purchase and delivery of tickets for cultural and sporting events to the indicated address (selected concert, performance, match, etc.);
- reservation of seats in business and conference centers selected by the Insured;
- d) Search for contact data to service providers indicated by the Insured, such as: tourist guides, carriers, interpreters/translators, etc.

The full cost of services being provided as part of Lifestyle assistance burdens the Insured.

9) assistance to animals - if the Insured travels with a dog or cat of which it is the owner and the animal suffers an accident outside the country of permanent residence and requires immediate assistance at the veterinary facility, the Insurer will cover the necessary medical costs.

Article 17. Special exclusions of liability

- Apart from the general exclusions indicated in Article 11, the medical expenses and transport insurance does not cover:
 - 1) treatment by a Relative,
 - events associated with the Insured undergoing hospital treatment or operations for which there were indications prior to the start of the Trip, or associated with a trip for the purpose of obtaining a medical advice concerning an already existing health disorder of the Insured;
 - stay and treatment in centers: social welfare, sanatorium and rehabilitation centers, and oncological hospices;
 - 4) medical aid given exclusively for aesthetic reasons, plastic surgeries, beautification treatments, as well as any aid required as a result of undergoing the above operations;
 - situations where medical care is recommended and appropriate but does not have to be provided immediately and can be provided after returning to the Country of permanent residence;
 - 6) medical aid associated with follow-up examinations or preventive vaccinations:
 - examinations (including laboratory and ultrasound tests) for the purpose of determining pregnancy, aborting a pregnancy, any complications associated with pregnancy complications after the 26th week of pregnancy and delivery;
 - treatment of infertility or artificial insemination, as well as the related hormonal therapies;
 - costs of medications purchased without the physician's written recommendations;
 - treatments using methods not approved by common medical knowledge, treatments using unconventional methods;
 - purchase or repair of corrective glasses, dentures (including dental), equipment for rehabilitation and hearing aids,

III. PERSONAL ACCIDENT

Article 18. Subject matter and insurance coverage

- The insurance covers consequences of the Insured's Accident, which occurred during the Trip in the insurance period (Insured Event).
- 2. The Insurer pays compensation associated with the Insured event in the form of:
 - benefits in the event of permanent health damage, in the amount specified by the percentage of the Sum insured based on the Table of injuries;
 - 2) benefits in the event of death of the Insured, provided that it occurs within a period not longer than 12 months of the date of occurrence of the Personal Accident, in the amount equal to 100% of the Sum insured.

Article 19. Special exclusions of liability

 Apart from the general exclusions stipulated in Article 11, Personal Accident insurance does not cover insured events which occurred as a result of:

- 1) natural disasters;
- 2) events associated with pregnancy or abortion;
- fractures associated with an in-born bone frangibility, metabolic disorders or pathological sprains as well as a result of fatigue fractures and sprains resulting from in-born defects and disorders;
- 4) strokes and consequences of Personal Accidents caused by strokes;
- 5) motor disorders or spine injuries, including slipped disk, if it is a case of deterioration of the symptoms of an illness which already existed before the occurrence of a Personal Accident;
- 6) deterioration of the consequences of a Personal Accident due to deliberate or conscious failure of the Insured to see a Physician for the purpose of obtaining medical care or conscious failure to abide by the Physician's recommendations;

IV. BAGGAGE

Article 20. Subject matter and insurance coverage

- 1. The insurance covers Insured's Baggage during a Trip.
- The insurance pre-condition is the observance of due care when securing Baggage, understood as:
 - 1) exercising direct supervision over the Baggage by the Insured;
 - entrusting the Baggage against confirmation of receipt to a professional entity providing professional transport and storage services;
 - leaving the Baggage in a room at the place of accommodation locked with a mechanical or electronic lock;
 - 4) leaving the Baggage in an individually used baggage space (locker at a train, bus station, airport) locked with a mechanical or electronic lock:
 - 5) leaving the Baggage in the trunk or luggage compartment of a car, trailer or boat, locked with a mechanical or electronic lock.
- 3. An Insured Event is damage or loss of Baggage during the insurance period due to:
 - 1) Natural disaster and rescue conducted in relation to its occurrence;
 - Robbery or Theft with burglary (provided that it was Theft with burglary into locked premises or baggage compartments) reported to competent authorities;
 - 3) Sudden illness or Personal Accident of the Insured, in consequence of which the Insured was unable to look after the baggage. The Sudden illness or the Personal Accident must be confirmed by a medical report with a diagnosis and immediately reported to the Assistance Call Center.

Article 21. Special exclusions of liability

- Apart from the general exclusions indicated in Article 11, Baggage insurance does not cover:
 - losses in which only the Baggage containers (suitcases, trunks, backpacks, etc.) have been damaged.
 - 2) Theft with Burglary or Robbery from a tent, including cases where the tent was locked using a mechanical or electronic lock;
 - 3) means of transport, excluding wheelchairs, strollers and bicycles;
 - 4) eyeglasses, contact lenses, all types of medical, rehabilitation equipment, artificial limbs and medications;
 - losses arisen as a result of self-ignition or leakage of liquids, fats, dyes or corrosive substances carried in the baggage;
 - defects and malfunctions of electrical equipment resulting from operation or effects of electricity;
 - confiscation, seizure of or damage to baggage caused by customs authorities or other state authorities;
 - 8) losses not reported to competent institutions (carrier, police) within 24 hours of detection of the loss, excluding situations where the health condition of the Insured objectively did not allow it to observe that deadline.
- 2. In addition, Baggage insurance does not include:

- travel tickets and event tickets, cash, cheque books, payment cards, securities and prints of monetary value, keys, precious metals and items made from them, pearls and precious stones, watches;
- collections and items having a collector's value, antiques, numismats, art items, items of cultural and historical value, manuscripts, musical instruments;
- tobacco products and alcohol, intoxicants and psychotropic substances;
- 4) weapons and ammunition;
- samples, exhibition items and items for sale, objects of copyright or industrial property rights;
- plans and design projects, prototypes and image, sound and data media including their contents;
- 7) transported animals;
- 8) breakable items made of glass, porcelain, clay, marble;
- Sports equipment appropriate for the category of High risk sports, unless insurance has been extended in this regard.

V. THIRD-PARTY LIABILITY

Article 22. Subject matter and insurance coverage

- The insurance covers Insured's third-party liability in private life during his Trip.
- An insured event is the Insured's unlawful act resulting in a personal or material Loss caused to third parties during a Trip, to the repair of which the Insured is obliged under the laws of the country in which the event occurred.
- Losses caused by the Insured also mean Losses caused by persons or animals for which the Insured was responsible during the occurrence of the Insured event.

Article 23. Special exclusions of liability

- Apart from the general exclusions indicated in Article 11, third party liability does not cover:
 - Losses caused by the Insured to a Relative, person living in the same household at the moment of occurrence of the Insured event, Co-Insureds and animals for which the Insured was responsible;
 - Financial penalties, tickets, fines, levies or administrative penalties imposed on the Insured on the basis of the penal law or penal fiscal law;
 - 3) Losses caused by using, possessing or driving motorized or nonmotorized vehicles, watercrafts or aircrafts including hang-gliders by the Insured, excluding child bicycles and strollers and inflatable boats:
 - 4) Damage to movable property belonging to another person that has been loaned or rented to the Insured;
 - 5) Losses caused to another person by infecting people, animals or plants with a contagious disease or by spreading an infection;
 - 6) Losses caused by the use of firearms;
 - 7) Losses caused in relation to pursuing business activity, profession or another paid work;
 - 8) Losses associated with the breach of copyrights, intellectual property rights, patents, trademarks;
 - Damage to documents, files, plans, archives, stamp collections, numismatic collections, IT databases regardless of the type of medium, works of art;
 - 10) Losses smaller than or equal to the equivalent of PLN 750.00.

VI. ABANDONED PROPERTY

Article 24. Subject matter and insurance coverage

The insurance covers property: the internal building elements of the Insured's
place of residence and movable property constituting its equipment and used
for its use or meeting Insured's needs, including the Electronic Devices, from
which the Insured departed and in which a third person does not reside during
the Trip of the Insured.

The Insured Event is Theft with burglary or resulting damage of movable or internal building elements of the Insured's Place of Residence.

Article 25. Special exclusions of liability

- Apart from the general exclusions indicated in Article 11 of the GTC, the abandoned property insurance does not include:
 - a) cash;
 - b) damage to uninhabited premises belonging to the place of residence;
 - c) compensation for lost profits, penalties, financial losses related to the inability to use the insured item, costs of legal representation;
 - d) plants and animals;
 - collections and items having a collector's value, antiques, numismats, art items, items of cultural and historical value, manuscripts, musical instruments;
 - f) objects which belong to third parties left at the Insured's Place of residence;
 - g) motor and non-motor vehicles and their accessories, parts and components;
 - h) the value of copyright and industrial property rights, plans, designs;
 - situations if the Insured does not have documents on the basis of which it would be possible to identify the insured item and its value before the Insured Event (expert opinion, proof of inheritance, proof of purchase);
 - actions caused by a person who, with the consent of the Insured, during his/her absence, uses his/her Place of Residence.

VII. MOTO ASSISTANCE

Article 26. Subject matter and insurance coverage

- The Moto Assistance insurance covers assistance in the event of an Insured Event: Failure, accident, theft of the insured vehicle, vandalism or discharged battery, tire damage, loss or latching of the keys in the vehicle or lack of fuel, which occurred during the Trip.
- 2. The insured vehicle is a passenger car with a maximum authorized mass up to 3.5 tons and not older than 10 years, admitted to circulation on the public roads and having valid technical tests, which is used by the Insured for traveling, or is owned by the Insured.
- **3.** The Insured is obliged to have a valid right to drive the insured vehicle, even though he is not required to have driven the vehicle during the Insured Event but must be present as a passenger.
- **4.** The Insurer provides the following benefits:
 - a) repair of the insured vehicle at the incident site or towing the immobilized vehicle to the car repair shop (which can perform the repair) nearest to the place of the incident (in the case of lack of fuel delivery of fuel or towing to the nearest gas station, whereas the cost of fuel is covered by the Insured);
 - accommodation of passengers of the insured vehicle at a hotel or transport of passengers of the insured vehicle to the destination or starting point of the Trip;
 - c) transport of the immobilized vehicle to the nearest car repair shop in the Country of permanent residence in the event that its repair abroad due to technical reasons is not possible within five business days. If the price of towing the vehicle to the Country of permanent residence exceeds the value of the vehicle, the Insurer will pay for the scrapping of the vehicle, however, up to a maximum of EUR 500.

Article 27. Special exclusions of liability

- 1. Apart from general exclusions referred to in Article 11 of the GTC, the Moto Assistance insurance does not cover losses resulting from the following situations:
 - a) when the Insured Event occurred during a tournament, sports competition and preparations thereto or during motor shows;
 - b) when the Insured / authorized person drove the vehicle without a valid driving license;

- when the number of passengers or the total weight of the vehicle exceeded the values specified in the vehicle registration document;
- d) damage to special additional or auxiliary equipment of the vehicle (e.g. passenger compartment air conditioning);
- if caused by a breakdown or damage which in the last 12 months has already occurred in a given vehicle, and the Insurer recognized said situation as an Insured Event and paid the benefit (repeated failures);
- f) where the Insured Event occurred outside Europe.
- **2.** The insurance benefit does not cover the costs of repairing the vehicle in a car repair shop, spare parts and operating fluids.

VIII. CONTINUATION OF THE TREATMENT IN POLAND

Article 28. Subject matter and insurance coverage

- 1. The insurance covers Sudden Illness or Personal Accident of the Insured during his Trip, for which the Insurer was liable and in relation to which the Insured had to continue the treatment after the return to Poland.
- The Insurer provides the Insured with the following benefits while continuing treatment, but not longer than up to 30 days after the Insured's return to Poland:
 - arrange the services and cover the costs of the first visit to a doctor conducting the continuation of treatment in Poland;
 - arrange the services and cover the costs of removing plaster, seams, changing the dressing;
 - arrange the services and cover the costs of rehabilitation to which the Insured was referred by the treating physician;
 - 4) covering the costs of renting or purchasing Rehabilitation equipment;
 - 5) if the Insured's health condition prevents him / her from moving independently (without the help of third parties) as confirmed by a medical certificate, upon application the Insurer shall:
 - a) arrange the services and cover the cost of transport and the fees of the home help to the Insured's place of residence. The benefit includes assistance: shopping for basic necessities, everyday household cleaning, delivery / preparation of meals, taking care of a dog or cat of the Insured, watering flowers. The benefit does not cover the cost of purchasing any materials or foodstuffs or cleaning products related to the provision of domestic help;
 - arrange the services and cover the costs of the animation program (clown's or illusionist's visit) for the child during the convalescence period:
 - arrange the services and cover the psychologist fees if during the Trip the Insured was affected by traumatic events (Terrorist Act, Natural Disaster, Death of a Relative);
 - d) arrange the services and cover the costs (medical consultations and examinations prescribed by a doctor) of a tropical disease, which the Insured contracted during the Trip.

IX. CANCELLATION / INTERRUPTION OF A TRIP

Article 29. Subject matter and insurance coverage

- 1. The Trip Cancellation / Interruption Insurance concerns:
 - Tourist events resulting from agreements concluded with the Tourism Organizer,
 - b) airline tickets on international routes in licensed airlines,
 - c) accommodation in foreign facilities.
- **2.** The subject of insurance is respectively:
 - a) costs of cancellation of one's participation in the Tourist Event, incurred by the Insured prior to its commencement, in accordance with the written provisions of the agreement / terms of participation, which the Tourism Organizer or Travel Agent is not obliged to return;
 - costs of cancellation of an airplane ticket incurred by the Insured prior to the beginning of the Trip, in accordance with the provisions of the booking or the contract, which the service provider is not obliged to return;
 - c) costs of cancellation of the previously booked accommodation incurred by the Insured prior to the beginning of the Trip, in

- accordance with the provisions of the booking or the contract, which the service provider is not obliged to return;
- unused travel benefits of the Insured related to the necessity to cancel the Trip and return earlier, which the service provider is not obliged to return;
- 3. The Insurer shall reimburse the costs incurred by the Insured in relation to the Trip cancellation / interruption, only if it results from the following reasons arising during the coverage period and preventing the Trip from being completed:
 - a) Sudden illness or COVID-19 illness of the Insured or the Co-insured, provided that, according to the prognosis of the attending physician, it is unlikely that the patient will recover before the beginning of the Trip:
 - Personal accident of the Insured or the Co-insured, provided that, according to the prognosis of the attending physician, it is unlikely that the patient will recover before the beginning of the Trip;
 - placing the Insured or Co-insured in isolation to prevent the spread of COVID-19 disease in connection with a positive test result for the SARS-CoV-2 virus, on the basis of a named and documented decision of the local administrative authorities;
 - d) Death of the Insured or Co-insured;
 - Death of a Relative of the Insured or Co-Insured, if the period from death to the departure is less than 60 days;
 - f) Sudden illness of a Relative of the Insured or Co-insured, in relation to which their presence is necessary in order to take care of that person during the period of their planned Trip. In the above situation, the need to remain with a Relative who has suffered an Sudden illness must be confirmed by a written medical certificate;
 - g) Personal accident of a Relative of the Insured or Co-insured, in relation to which their presence is necessary in order to take care of that person during the planned Trip. In the above situation, the need to remain with a Relative who has suffered an accident must be confirmed by a written medical certificate;
 - Material loss (in property) incurred by the Insured or the Co-insured caused by the Natural Disaster, in relation to which the presence of the Insured or Co-insured in the Place of residence is necessary during the planned Trip;
 - Complications in the course of the pregnancy of the Insured, the Coinsured or their Relatives, which took place not later than in the 32nd week, if said complications did not occur prior to the date of booking / conclusion of the contract;
 - j) Premature delivery of the Insured, Co-insured or a Relative which took place not later than in the 32nd week of the pregnancy;
 - Reported to the appropriate authorities and documented theft of documents of the Insured or Co-Insured, which are necessary for the Trip, occurring not more than 30 days before the planned Trip;
 - Theft with burglary at the Place of residence of the Insured or the Coinsured, occurring not more than 30 days before the planned Trip, in relation to which the presence of the Insured or Co-insured at the Place of residence is necessary to perform legal and administrative acts during the planned Trip;
 - m) Loss of employment by the Insured or the Co-insured, i.e. termination of the employment contract by the employer. The Insurer shall not be liable if the termination of the employment relationship was the fault of the employee within the meaning of the provisions of the labor law;
 - n) Commencing work by the Insured or the Co-insured, appointed by the new employer on the day falling during the Trip, with the proviso that the Insured or Co-Insured was registered as unemployed at the time of conclusion of the insurance contract and did not know the date of commencement of work;
 - o) Citing to a divorce hearing or as a witness of the Insured or Co-Insured, which falls during the Trip;
 - p) Traffic accident involving a vehicle belonging to the Insured or Coinsured, which was planned to be transported as part of the Trip, as a result of which the vehicle is out of order and the repair time is longer than the remaining to the planned Trip.

Article 30. Special exclusions of liability

- Apart from the general exclusions indicated in Article 11, the Trip Cancellation / Interruption insurance does not cover:
 - costs other than those actually incurred by the Insured in order to book a Tourist Event, a ticket or an overnight stay;
 - situations when the Insured failed to notify the organizer in writing of the Tourist Event, the service provider / distributor about cancellation of a given Tourist Event, tickets or accommodation including its causes:
 - c) costs that should be refunded by the Tourism Organizer, Tourist Agent or service provider under the provisions of the agreement / terms of participation / booking or legal provision;
 - d) exacerbation or complications of chronic diseases;
 - e) abortion, unless it was performed to save a pregnant woman's life;
 - f) complications resulting from artificial insemination or infertility treatment:
 - g) failure to accept the date of the leave or its cancellation by the employer or a change of the date of the leave by the Insured;
 - failure of the travel service provider to comply with contractual obligations (e.g. booking cancellation by a hotel, flight cancellation, strike of the service provider employees);
 - i) Terrorist acts and natural disasters at the Trip destination.

These General Terms and Conditions have been approved by the CEO of Inter Partner Assistance S.A. Branch in Poland pursuant to the Regulation No. 08/2022 of 12.01.2022 and apply to insurance contracts concluded from 01.02.2022.

Jan Čupa

CEO

Inter Partner Assistance S.A. Oddział w Polsce

Appendix No. 1 - Table of benefits and limits;

		Urlopowicz Package	Podróżnik Package	Zdobywca Package			
Costs of medical exincluding:	penses and assistance,	PLN 200,000	PLN 600,000	PLN 40,000,000			
Consequences of Ch	nronic disease	X	PLN 200,000	PLN 1,000,000			
Limit for dental trea	tment	PLN 900	PLN 1,600	PLN 2,000			
Transport to/betwe	en/from the medical facility		to the sum insured	,			
Rescue services			to the sum insured				
Transport to the couresidence	untry of permanent	to the sum insured					
Transport to the pla	ce of residence	X	to the su	um insured			
Extended stay		PLN 200/night	PLN 450/night	PLN 600/night			
Transport of the body and purchase of the coffin			to the sum insured				
Transport and stay of assist an underage I	of a Relative called in to nsured	transportation - to the sum insured insured insured accommodation - PLN 200/night accommodation - PLN 450/night		transportation - to the sum insured accommodation - PLN 600/night			
Stay of a Relative ca	lled in to the Insured	transportation - to the sum insured accommodation - PLN 200/night	sum transportation - to the sum transportation insured insured				
Assistance Call Cent	er available 24/7;	decommodation 1211200/mg/re	YES	accommodation - PLN 600/night			
Quarantine/Isolatio	n	х	extended stay: PLN 450 PLN/night, max. 14 days transportation - PLN 1,000	extended stay: PLN 600 PLN/night, max. 14 days transportation - PLN 2,000			
Baggage Delay		PLN 200	PLN 350	PLN 500			
Flight delay or cance	ellation	PLN 200	PLN 350	PLN 500			
Hotline			YES				
Translation by telep	hone		YES				
Legal assistance		X	PLN 3,000	PLN 15,000			
Lifestyle assistance		Х	X	YES			
Assistance to anima	ls	PLN 500	PLN 1,000	PLN 3,000			
Personal Accident		PLN 20,000	PLN 50,000	PLN 150,000			
Permanent health in	mpairment	PLN 20,000	PLN 50,000	PLN 150,000			
Death		PLN 10,000	PLN 25,000	PLN 75,000			
Baggage		х	PLN 3,000	PLN 6,000			
Electronic devices, S		X	PLN 1,500	PLN 3,000			
Business equipmen		X	X	PLN 6,000			
Third-party liabilit Personal injuries	y (IPL)	X X	PLN 250,000 PLN 250,000	PLN 1,500,000.00 PLN 1,500,000.00			
Material losses		×	PLN 125,000	PLN 750,000			
Excess in case of los	ses under PLN 750	X	100%	100%			
Abandoned proper	ty	Х	X	PLN 25,000			
Electronic devices		х	х	PLN 5,000			
Coverage extension	ns:						
High Risk Sports		To the sum insured of Medical Expenses and Personal Accident Insurance	To the sum insured of Medical Expenses, Personal Accident and Thir Party Liability Insurance				
Manual labor			sured of Medical Expenses and Personal Accident Insurance				
Alcohol clause		To the sum insured	d of Medical Expenses and Personal	Accident insurance			
Cancellation / Inter			Total PLN 45,000 for all Insureds				
	On-site repair or towing		PLN 750				
	Taxi taken from the event location	PLN 350					
Moto assistance	Accommodation during the repair Repatriation of the	PLN 300/night, max. 3 nights					
	unrepaired vehicle	PLN 4,000 (if the repair is not possible within 5 days)					
	First visit to the doctor		PLN 500				
	Removal of plaster, seams, change of dressing;		PLN 200				
Continuation of	Rehabilitation	PLN 1,000					
the treatment in	Rehabilitation equipment	PLN 400					
PL	Home help		PLN 500				
	Animation program		PLN 300				
	Psychologist	PLN 500					
	Treatment of tropical						
	disease		PLN 500				

Appendix No. 2 - Table of impairments.

1.		-
	Losses in cranial vault bones up to 2 cm2	5%
2.	Losses in cranial vault bones between 2 and 10 cm2 Losses in cranial vault bones exceeding 10 cm2	15% 25%
	Serious neurological and psychical disorders following a severe head injury	
4.	depending on the degree of the damage	up to 809
5.	Traumatic facial nerve injury	up to 109
6.	Facial injury with light functional disorders	up to 109
7.	Facial injury with moderate functional disorders	up to 209
8.	Facial injury with severe functional disorders	up to 359
9.	Loss of the whole nose	20%
10.	Complete loss of smell (partial loss is excluded from liability)	10%
11. 12.	Complete loss of taste (partial loss is excluded from liability)	5% 25%
13.	Complete loss of sight in one eye Complete loss of sight in the second eye (In case of complete loss of sight the evaluation concerning the complete damage to health for one eye cannot exceed 25%, and for the other eye it cannot exceed 75%, and 100% for both eyes. The only exception is a permanent impairment, of which mention has been made in points 15, 21, 22, which are also evaluated over the limit)	75%
14.	Decreased acuity of vision according to the auxiliary table	
15.	In case of anatomic loss or eye atrophy, a permanent vision disorder shall be	5%
16.	added to the estimated value	up to 200
16.	Concentric and nonconcentric loss of peripheral vision Loss of a lens in one eye, including accommodation disorders with contact lens	up to 209
17.	Loss of a lens in one eye, including accommodation disorders with contact tens tolerance at least 4 hours a day Loss of a lens in one eye, including accommodation disorders with contact lens	15%
18.	tolerance not exceeding 4 hours a day Loss of a lens in one eye, including accommodation with a complete contact	18%
19.	lens intolerance Traumatic injury of the oculomotor nerve or impaired balance of extraocular	25%
20.	muscles Impaired patency of tear ducts in one eye	up to 25%
22.	Impaired patency of tear ducts in one eye Impaired patency of tear ducts in both eyes	10%
23.	Loss of one auricle	10%
24.	Loss of both auricles	15%
25.	Light unilateral impairment of hearing acuity	0%
26.	Moderate unilateral impairment of hearing acuity	up to 5%
27.	Severe unilateral impairment of hearing acuity	up to 120
28.	Light bilateral impairment of hearing acuity	up to 100
29.	Moderate bilateral impairment of hearing acuity	up to 20
30.	Severe bilateral impairment of hearing acuity	up to 350
31.	Loss of hearing in one ear	15%
32.	Loss of hearing in both ears	45%
33.	Unilateral labyrinth disorders depending on the degree of injury	10-20%
34. 35.	Bilateral labyrinth disorders depending on the degree of injury Condition after tongue injury with tissue loss or cicatrical deformations (only	30-50% 15%
36.	when the voice loss according to point 42 is not being evaluated anymore) Disfiguring scars within the facial part of the head	up to 5%
30.		
	DENTAL DAMAGES (CAUSED BY AN INJURY)	up to 37
37.	DENTAL DAMAGES (CAUSED BY AN INJURY) Loss of one tooth (the liability covers only a tooth loss exceeding 50%)	1%
37. 38.	Loss of one tooth (the liability covers only a tooth loss exceeding 50%) Loss of any subsequent tooth	
	Loss of one tooth (the liability covers only a tooth loss exceeding 50%)	1%
38.	Loss of one tooth (the liability covers only a tooth loss exceeding 50%) Loss of any subsequent tooth For loss, fracture or damage of deciduous or artificial teeth For the loss of tooth vitality	1% 1%
38. 39. 40.	Loss of one tooth (the liability covers only a tooth loss exceeding 50%) Loss of any subsequent tooth For loss, fracture or damage of deciduous or artificial teeth For the loss of tooth vitality NECK INJURIES	1% 1% 0% 0%
38. 39.	Loss of one tooth (the liability covers only a tooth loss exceeding 50%) Loss of any subsequent tooth For loss, fracture or damage of deciduous or artificial teeth For the loss of tooth vitality NECK INJURIES Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of light degree	1% 1% 0% 0%
38. 39. 40.	Loss of one tooth (the liability covers only a tooth loss exceeding 50%) Loss of any subsequent tooth For loss, fracture or damage of deciduous or artificial teeth For the loss of tooth vitality NECK INJURIES Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of light degree Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of moderate and sever degree with partial loss of voice (Next to point 42 it is impossible to simultaneously perform the	1% 1% 0% 0% up to 15
38. 39. 40. 41.	Loss of one tooth (the liability covers only a tooth loss exceeding 50%) Loss of any subsequent tooth For loss, fracture or damage of deciduous or artificial teeth For the loss of tooth vitality NECK INJURIES Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of light degree Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of moderate and sever degree with partial loss of voice (Next to point 42 it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 43-45)	1% 1% 0% 0% up to 150 up to 600
38. 39. 40. 41. 42.	Loss of one tooth (the liability covers only a tooth loss exceeding 50%) Loss of any subsequent tooth For loss, fracture or damage of deciduous or artificial teeth For the loss of tooth vitality NECK INJURIES Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of light degree Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of moderate and sever degree with partial loss of voice (Next to point 42 it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 43-45) Loss of voice (aphonia)	1% 1% 0% 0% up to 15 up to 60 25%
38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44.	Loss of one tooth (the liability covers only a tooth loss exceeding 50%) Loss of any subsequent tooth For loss, fracture or damage of deciduous or artificial teeth For the loss of tooth vitality NECK INJURIES Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of light degree Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of moderate and sever degree with partial loss of voice (Next to point 42 it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 43-45) Loss of voice (aphonia) Loss of speech resulting from speech organ injury	1% 1% 0% 0% up to 150 up to 600 25% 30%
38. 39. 40. 41. 42.	Loss of one tooth (the liability covers only a tooth loss exceeding 50%) Loss of any subsequent tooth For loss, fracture or damage of deciduous or artificial teeth For the loss of tooth vitality NECK INJURIES Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of light degree Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of moderate and sever degree with partial loss of voice (Next to point 42 it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 43-45) Loss of voice (aphonia) Loss of speech resulting from speech organ injury Condition after tracheotomy with the necessity to wear a tracheal tube (it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 42-44)	1% 1% 0% 0% up to 15 up to 60 25%
38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44.	Loss of one tooth (the liability covers only a tooth loss exceeding 50%) Loss of any subsequent tooth For loss, fracture or damage of deciduous or artificial teeth For the loss of tooth vitality NECK INJURIES Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of light degree Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of moderate and sever degree with partial loss of voice (Next to point 42 it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 43-45) Loss of voice (aphonia) Loss of speech resulting from speech organ injury Condition after tracheotomy with the necessity to wear a tracheal tube (it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 42-44) CHEST, LUNG, HEART OR ESOPHAGUS INJURIES	1% 1% 0% 0% up to 150 up to 600 25% 30%
38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44.	Loss of one tooth (the liability covers only a tooth loss exceeding 50%) Loss of any subsequent tooth For loss, fracture or damage of deciduous or artificial teeth For the loss of tooth vitality NECK INJURIES Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of light degree Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of moderate and sever degree with partial loss of voice (Next to point 42 it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 43-45) Loss of voice (aphonia) Loss of speech resulting from speech organ injury Condition after tracheotomy with the necessity to wear a tracheal tube (it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 42-44) CHEST, LUNG, HEART OR ESOPHAGUS INJURIES Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of light degree	1% 1% 0% 0% up to 15' up to 60' 25% 30%
38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45.	Loss of one tooth (the liability covers only a tooth loss exceeding 50%) Loss of any subsequent tooth For loss, fracture or damage of deciduous or artificial teeth For the loss of tooth vitality NECK INJURIES Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of light degree Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of moderate and sever degree with partial loss of voice (Next to point 42 it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 43-45) Loss of voice (aphonia) Loss of speech resulting from speech organ injury Condition after tracheotomy with the necessity to wear a tracheal tube (it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 42-44) CHEST, LUNG, HEART OR ESOPHAGUS INJURIES Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of light degree Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of moderate and severe degree	1% 1% 0% 0% up to 15' up to 60' 25% 30% 50%
38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45.	Loss of one tooth (the liability covers only a tooth loss exceeding 50%) Loss of any subsequent tooth For loss, fracture or damage of deciduous or artificial teeth For the loss of tooth vitality NECK INJURIES Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of light degree Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of moderate and sever degree with partial loss of voice (Next to point 42 it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 43-45) Loss of voice (aphonia) Loss of speech resulting from speech organ injury Condition after tracheotomy with the necessity to wear a tracheal tube (it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 42-44) CHEST, LUNG, HEART OR ESOPHAGUS INJURIES Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of light degree Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of moderate and severe degree Other consequences of lung injury depending on the degree and scope, unilateral	1% 1% 0% 0% up to 15' up to 60' 25% 30% 50% up to 10'
38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46.	Loss of one tooth (the liability covers only a tooth loss exceeding 50%) Loss of any subsequent tooth For loss, fracture or damage of deciduous or artificial teeth For the loss of tooth vitality NECK INJURIES Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of light degree Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of moderate and sever degree with partial loss of voice (Next to point 42 it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 43-45) Loss of voice (aphonia) Loss of speech resulting from speech organ injury Condition after tracheotomy with the necessity to wear a tracheal tube (it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 42-44) CHEST, LUNG, HEART OR ESOPHAGUS INJURIES Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of light degree Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of moderate and severe degree Other consequences of lung injury depending on the degree and scope, unilateral Other consequences of lung injury depending on the degree and scope, bilateral (spirometry)	1% 1% 0% 0% 0% up to 15' up to 60' 25% 30% 50% up to 10' up to 30'
38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49.	Loss of one tooth (the liability covers only a tooth loss exceeding 50%) Loss of any subsequent tooth For loss, fracture or damage of deciduous or artificial teeth For the loss of tooth vitality **NECK INJURIES** Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of light degree Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of moderate and sever degree with partial loss of voice (Next to point 42 it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 43-45) Loss of voice (aphonia) Loss of speech resulting from speech organ injury Condition after tracheotomy with the necessity to wear a tracheal tube (it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 42-44) **CHEST, LUNG, HEART OR ESOPHAGUS INJURIES** Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of light degree Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of moderate and severe degree Other consequences of lung injury depending on the degree and scope, unilateral Other consequences of lung injury depending on the degree and scope, bilateral (spirometry) Injury of heart and vessels (only after direct damage, confirmed clinically, depending on the degree of damage, confirmed with the help of ECG)	1% 1% 0% 0% up to 15' up to 60' 25% 30% 50% up to 10' up to 30' 15-40% 25-1009
38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51.	Loss of one tooth (the liability covers only a tooth loss exceeding 50%) Loss of any subsequent tooth For loss, fracture or damage of deciduous or artificial teeth For the loss of tooth vitality NECK INJURIES Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of light degree Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of moderate and sever degree with partial loss of voice (Next to point 42 it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 43-45) Loss of voice (aphonia) Loss of speech resulting from speech organ injury Condition after tracheotomy with the necessity to wear a tracheal tube (it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 42-44) CHEST, LUNG, HEART OR ESOPHAGUS INJURIES Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of light degree Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of moderate and severe degree Other consequences of lung injury depending on the degree and scope, unilateral Other consequences of lung injury depending on the degree and scope, bilateral (spirometry) Injury of heart and vessels (only after direct damage, confirmed clinically, depending on the degree of damage, confirmed with the help of ECG) Posttraumatic narrowing of the oesophagus of a light degree	1% 1% 0% 0% up to 15' up to 60' 25% 30% 50% up to 10' up to 10' up to 30' 15-40% 25-1009 up to 10' up to 10'
38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52.	Loss of one tooth (the liability covers only a tooth loss exceeding 50%) Loss of any subsequent tooth For loss, fracture or damage of deciduous or artificial teeth For the loss of tooth vitality **NECK INJURIES** Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of light degree Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of moderate and sever degree with partial loss of voice (Next to point 42 it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 43-45) Loss of voice (aphonia) Loss of speech resulting from speech organ injury Condition after tracheotomy with the necessity to wear a tracheal tube (it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 42-44) **CHEST, LUNG, HEART OR ESOPHAGUS INJURIES** Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of light degree Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of moderate and severe degree Other consequences of lung injury depending on the degree and scope, unilateral Other consequences of lung injury depending on the degree and scope, bilateral (spirometry) Injury of heart and vessels (only after direct damage, confirmed clinically, depending on the degree of damage, confirmed with the help of ECG) Posttraumatic narrowing of the oesophagus of a light degree Posttraumatic narrowing of the oesophagus of a moderate and sever degree ABDOMEN AND DIGESTIVE ORGAN INJURIES	1% 1% 0% 0% 0% up to 15' up to 60' 25% 30% 50% up to 30' up to 30' 15-40% 25-1009 10-1009 up to 10' 11-50%
38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51.	Loss of one tooth (the liability covers only a tooth loss exceeding 50%) Loss of any subsequent tooth For loss, fracture or damage of deciduous or artificial teeth For the loss of tooth vitality **NECK INJURIES** Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of light degree Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of moderate and sever degree with partial loss of voice (Next to point 42 it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 43-45) Loss of voice (aphonia) Loss of speech resulting from speech organ injury Condition after tracheotomy with the necessity to wear a tracheal tube (it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 42-44) **CHEST, LUNG, HEART OR ESOPHAGUS INJURIES** Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of light degree Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of moderate and severe degree Other consequences of lung injury depending on the degree and scope, unilateral Other consequences of lung injury depending on the degree and scope, bilateral (spirometry) Injury of heart and vessels (only after direct damage, confirmed clinically, depending on the degree of damage, confirmed with the help of ECG) Posttraumatic narrowing of the oesophagus of a light degree **Posttraumatic narrowing of the oesophagus of a moderate and sever degree **ABDOMEN AND DIGESTIVE ORGAN INJURIES** Injury of abdominal integuments with injury of the abdominal prelum	1% 1% 0% 0% 0% up to 15' up to 60' 25% 30% 50% up to 30' up to 30' 15-40% 25-1009 10-1009 up to 10' 11-50%
38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 50. 51. 52.	Loss of one tooth (the liability covers only a tooth loss exceeding 50%) Loss of any subsequent tooth For loss, fracture or damage of deciduous or artificial teeth For the loss of tooth vitality NECK INJURIES Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of light degree Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of moderate and sever degree with partial loss of voice (Next to point 42 it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 43-45) Loss of voice (aphonia) Loss of speech resulting from speech organ injury Condition after tracheotomy with the necessity to wear a tracheal tube (it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 42-44) CHEST, LUNG, HEART OR ESOPHAGUS INJURIES Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of light degree Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of moderate and severe degree Other consequences of lung injury depending on the degree and scope, unilateral Other consequences of lung injury depending on the degree and scope, bilateral (spirometry) Injury of heart and vessels (only after direct damage, confirmed clinically, depending on the degree of damage, confirmed with the help of ECG) Posttraumatic narrowing of the oesophagus of a light degree Posttraumatic narrowing of the oesophagus of a moderate and sever degree ABDOMEN AND DIGESTIVE ORGAN INJURIES Injury of abdominal integuments with injury of the abdominal prelum Impaired functions of digestive organs depending on the degree of digestion disorders	1% 1% 0% 0% 0% up to 15' up to 60' 25% 30% 50% up to 10' up to 10' up to 10' 15-40% 25-100% up to 10' 11-50%
38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54.	Loss of one tooth (the liability covers only a tooth loss exceeding 50%) Loss of any subsequent tooth For loss, fracture or damage of deciduous or artificial teeth For the loss of tooth vitality **NECK INJURIES** Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of light degree Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of moderate and sever degree with partial loss of voice (Next to point 42 it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 43-45) Loss of voice (aphonia) Loss of speech resulting from speech organ injury Condition after tracheotomy with the necessity to wear a tracheal tube (it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 42-44) **CHEST, LUNG, HEART OR ESOPHAGUS INJURIES** Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of light degree Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of moderate and severe degree Other consequences of lung injury depending on the degree and scope, unilateral Other consequences of lung injury depending on the degree and scope, bilateral (spirometry) Injury of heart and vessels (only after direct damage, confirmed clinically, depending on the degree of damage, confirmed with the help of ECG) Posttraumatic narrowing of the oesophagus of a light degree Posttraumatic narrowing of the oesophagus of a moderate and sever degree **ABDOMEN AND DIGESTIVE ORGAN INJURIES** Injury of abdominal integuments with injury of the abdominal prelum Impaired functions of digestive organs depending on the degree of digestion	1% 1% 0% 0% 0w up to 150 up to 600 255% 30% 50% up to 300 15-40% 25-1009 up to 100 11-50% up to 800 15%
38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54.	Loss of one tooth (the liability covers only a tooth loss exceeding 50%) Loss of any subsequent tooth For loss, fracture or damage of deciduous or artificial teeth For the loss of tooth vitality **NECK INJURIES** Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of light degree Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of moderate and sever degree with partial loss of voice (Next to point 42 it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 43-45) Loss of voice (aphonia) Loss of speech resulting from speech organ injury Condition after tracheotomy with the necessity to wear a tracheal tube (it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 42-44) **CHEST, LUNG, HEART OR ESOPHAGUS INJURIES** Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of light degree Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of moderate and severe degree Other consequences of lung injury depending on the degree and scope, unilateral Other consequences of lung injury depending on the degree and scope, bilateral (spirometry) Injury of heart and vessels (only after direct damage, confirmed clinically, depending on the degree of damage, confirmed with the help of ECG) Posttraumatic narrowing of the oesophagus of a light degree Posttraumatic narrowing of the oesophagus of a moderate and sever degree **ABDOMEN AND DIGESTIVE ORGAN INJURIES** Injury of abdominal integuments with injury of the abdominal prelum Impaired functions of digestive organs depending on the degree of digestion disorders Loss of spleen Injury of the anal sphincter, causing faecal and gas incontinence depending on the scope	1% 1% 0% 0% up to 15' up to 60' 25% 30% 50% up to 10' up to 30' 15-40% 25-1009 up to 10' 11-50% up to 80' up to 80' up to 60'
38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55.	Loss of one tooth (the liability covers only a tooth loss exceeding 50%) Loss of any subsequent tooth For loss, fracture or damage of deciduous or artificial teeth For the loss of tooth vitality **NECK INJURIES** Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of light degree Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of moderate and sever degree with partial loss of voice (Next to point 42 it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 43-45) Loss of voice (aphonia) Loss of speech resulting from speech organ injury Condition after tracheotomy with the necessity to wear a tracheal tube (it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 42-44) **CHEST, LUNG, HEART OR ESOPHAGUS INJURIES** Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of light degree Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of moderate and severe degree Other consequences of lung injury depending on the degree and scope, unilateral Other consequences of lung injury depending on the degree and scope, bilateral (spirometry) Injury of heart and vessels (only after direct damage, confirmed clinically, depending on the degree of damage, confirmed with the help of ECG) Posttraumatic narrowing of the oesophagus of a light degree Posttraumatic narrowing of the oesophagus of a moderate and sever degree **ABDOMEN AND DIGESTIVE ORGAN INJURIES** Injury of abdominal integuments with injury of the abdominal prelum Impaired functions of digestive organs depending on the degree of digestion disorders Loss of spleen Injury of the anal sphincter, causing faecal and gas incontinence depending on the scope Anal stenosis depending on the scope	1% 1% 0% 0% 0% up to 15' up to 60' 25% 30% 50% up to 30' 15-40% 25-1009 10-1009 up to 10' 11-50% up to 80' 15% up to 60' up to 40'
38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54.	Loss of one tooth (the liability covers only a tooth loss exceeding 50%) Loss of any subsequent tooth For loss, fracture or damage of deciduous or artificial teeth For the loss of tooth vitality **NECK INJURIES** Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of light degree Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of moderate and sever degree with partial loss of voice (Next to point 42 it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 43-45) Loss of voice (aphonia) Loss of speech resulting from speech organ injury Condition after tracheotomy with the necessity to wear a tracheal tube (it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 42-44) **CHEST, LUNG, HEART OR ESOPHAGUS INJURIES** Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of light degree Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of moderate and severe degree Other consequences of lung injury depending on the degree and scope, unilateral Other consequences of lung injury depending on the degree and scope, bilateral (spirometry) Injury of heart and vessels (only after direct damage, confirmed clinically, depending on the degree of damage, confirmed with the help of ECG) Posttraumatic narrowing of the oesophagus of a moderate and sever degree **POMEN AND DIGESTIVE ORGAN INJURIES** Injury of abdominal integuments with injury of the abdominal prelum Impaired functions of digestive organs depending on the degree of digestion disorders Loss of spleen Injury of the anal sphincter, causing faecal and gas incontinence depending on the scope Anal stenosis depending on the scope **UROGENITAL ORGAN INJURIES** Loss of one kidney	1% 1% 0% 0% up to 15' up to 60' 25% 30% 50% up to 30' 15-40% 25-1009 up to 10' 11-50% up to 80' up to 80' up to 60'
38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55.	Loss of one tooth (the liability covers only a tooth loss exceeding 50%) Loss of any subsequent tooth For loss, fracture or damage of deciduous or artificial teeth For the loss of tooth vitality **NECK INJURIES** Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of light degree Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of moderate and sever degree with partial loss of voice (Next to point 42 it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 43-45) Loss of voice (aphonia) Loss of speech resulting from speech organ injury Condition after tracheotomy with the necessity to wear a tracheal tube (it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 42-44) **CHEST, LUNG, HEART OR ESOPHAGUS INJURIES** Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of light degree Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of moderate and severe degree Other consequences of lung injury depending on the degree and scope, unilateral Other consequences of lung injury depending on the degree and scope, bilateral (spirometry) Injury of heart and vessels (only after direct damage, confirmed clinically, depending on the degree of damage, confirmed with the help of ECG) Posttraumatic narrowing of the oesophagus of a light degree Posttraumatic narrowing of the oesophagus of a moderate and sever degree **ABDOMEN AND DIGESTIVE ORGAN INJURIES** Injury of abdominal integuments with injury of the abdominal prelum Impaired functions of digestive organs depending on the degree of digestion disorders Loss of spleen Injury of the anal sphincter, causing faecal and gas incontinence depending on the scope Anal stenosis depending on the scope UROGENITAL ORGAN INJURIES** Loss of one kidney Posttraumatic consequences of renal damage and damage of the urinary tract	1% 1% 0% 0% 0% up to 15' up to 60' 25% 30% 50% up to 30' 15-40% 25-100% up to 10' 11-50% up to 30' up to 10' 11-50% up to 40' up to 40' 20%
38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57.	Loss of one tooth (the liability covers only a tooth loss exceeding 50%) Loss of any subsequent tooth For loss, fracture or damage of deciduous or artificial teeth For the loss of tooth vitality **NECK INJURIES** Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of light degree Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of moderate and sever degree with partial loss of voice (Next to point 42 it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 43-45) Loss of voice (aphonia) Loss of speech resulting from speech organ injury Condition after tracheotomy with the necessity to wear a tracheal tube (it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 42-44) **CHEST, LUNG, HEART OR ESOPHAGUS INJURIES** Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of light degree Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of moderate and severe degree Other consequences of lung injury depending on the degree and scope, unilateral Other consequences of lung injury depending on the degree and scope, bilateral (spirometry) Injury of heart and vessels (only after direct damage, confirmed clinically, depending on the degree of damage, confirmed with the help of ECG) Posttraumatic narrowing of the oesophagus of a light degree Posttraumatic narrowing of the oesophagus of a moderate and sever degree **ABDOMEN AND DIGESTIVE ORGAN INJURIES** Injury of abdominal integuments with injury of the abdominal prelum Impaired functions of digestive organs depending on the degree of digestion disorders Loss of spleen Injury of the anal sphincter, causing faecal and gas incontinence depending on the scope **DORGENITAL ORGAN INJURIES** Loss of one kidney Posttraumatic consequences of renal damage and damage of the urinary tract (along with secondary infection, depending on the degree of the damage)	1% 1% 0% 0% 0% up to 15% up to 60% 25% 30% 50% up to 30% 15-40% 25-1009 up to 10% 11-50% up to 25% up to 80% 15% up to 60% up to 40% 20% up to 50%
38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 50. 51. 52. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60.	Loss of one tooth (the liability covers only a tooth loss exceeding 50%) Loss of any subsequent tooth For loss, fracture or damage of deciduous or artificial teeth For the loss of tooth vitality **NECK INJURIES** Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of light degree Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of moderate and sever degree with partial loss of voice (Next to point 42 it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 43-45) Loss of voice (aphonia) Loss of speech resulting from speech organ injury Condition after tracheotomy with the necessity to wear a tracheal tube (it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 42-44) **CHEST, LUNG, HEART OR ESOPHAGUS INJURIES** Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of light degree Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of moderate and severe degree Other consequences of lung injury depending on the degree and scope, unilateral Other consequences of lung injury depending on the degree and scope, bilateral (spirometry) Injury of heart and vessels (only after direct damage, confirmed clinically, depending on the degree of damage, confirmed with the help of ECG) Posttraumatic narrowing of the oesophagus of a light degree Posttraumatic narrowing of the oesophagus of a moderate and sever degree **ABDOMEN AND DIGESTIVE ORGAN INJURIES** Injury of abdominal integuments with injury of the abdominal prelum Impaired functions of digestive organs depending on the degree of digestion disorders Loss of spleen Injury of the anal sphincter, causing faecal and gas incontinence depending on the scope **UROGENITAL ORGAN INJURIES** Loss of one kidney Posttraumatic consequences of renal damage and damage of the urinary tract (along with secondary infection, depending on the degree of the damage) Loss of one testicle	1% 1% 1% 0% 0% 0% up to 15' up to 60' 25% 30% 50% up to 10' up to 30' 15-40% 25-1009 up to 10' 11-50% up to 25' up to 80' 15% up to 60' up to 40' 20% up to 50' up to 50' 10%
38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57.	Loss of one tooth (the liability covers only a tooth loss exceeding 50%) Loss of any subsequent tooth For loss, fracture or damage of deciduous or artificial teeth For the loss of tooth vitality **NECK INJURIES** Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of light degree Laryngeal and tracheal stenosis of moderate and sever degree with partial loss of voice (Next to point 42 it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 43-45) Loss of voice (aphonia) Loss of speech resulting from speech organ injury Condition after tracheotomy with the necessity to wear a tracheal tube (it is impossible to simultaneously perform the evaluation according to points 42-44) **CHEST, LUNG, HEART OR ESOPHAGUS INJURIES** Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of light degree Limited mobility of the chest and parenchymal scarring confirmed clinically (spirometry) of moderate and severe degree Other consequences of lung injury depending on the degree and scope, unilateral Other consequences of lung injury depending on the degree and scope, bilateral (spirometry) Injury of heart and vessels (only after direct damage, confirmed clinically, depending on the degree of damage, confirmed with the help of ECG) Posttraumatic narrowing of the oesophagus of a light degree Posttraumatic narrowing of the oesophagus of a moderate and sever degree **ABDOMEN AND DIGESTIVE ORGAN INJURIES** Injury of abdominal integuments with injury of the abdominal prelum Impaired functions of digestive organs depending on the degree of digestion disorders Loss of spleen Injury of the anal sphincter, causing faecal and gas incontinence depending on the scope **DORGENITAL ORGAN INJURIES** Loss of one kidney Posttraumatic consequences of renal damage and damage of the urinary tract (along with secondary infection, depending on the degree of the damage)	1% 1% 1% 0% 0% 0% up to 150 up to 600 25% 30% 50% up to 300 15-40% 25-100% up to 100 11-50% up to 250 up to 800 15% up to 600 up to 400 up to 500

		1.00/				
64. 65.	Loss of penis or severe deformation of penis in people aged 60 and more Posttraumatic deformation of female reproductive organs	10% 10-50%				
	SPINAL COLUMN AND SPINAL CORD INJURIES					
66.	Limited mobility of the spine of a light degree	up to 10%				
67. 68.	Limited mobility of the spine of a moderate degree Limited mobility of the spine of a severe degree	up to 25% up to 55%				
69.	Posttraumatic damage of the spine and spinal column of a light degree	10-25%				
70.	Posttraumatic damage of the spine and spinal column of a moderate degree	26-40%				
71.	Posttraumatic damage of the spine and spinal column of a severe degree PELVIC INJURIES	41-100%				
72.	Severe pelvic injury with static disorder of the spine and lower extremity	30-65%				
	functions in females aged 45 and younger Severe pelvic injury with static disorder of the spine and lower extremity					
73.	functions in females aged 45 and more Severe pelvic injury with static disorder of the spine and lower extremity	15-50%				
74.	functions in males UPPER EXTREMITY INJURIES	15-50%				
The a	ssessment presented below relates to right-handed people, in case of left-handed pr evaluation concerns the opposite upper extremity.	eople, the				
	Injuries of the arm and shoulder areas					
75.	Loss of the upper extremity in the shoulder joint or between the shoulder joint	70%				
	and the elbow joint on the right Loss of the upper extremity in the shoulder joint or between the shoulder joint					
76.	and the elbow joint on the left	60%				
77.	Complete ankylosis of shoulder joint in a functionally adverse position (complete abduction, adduction or other similar position) on the right	35%				
	Complete abduction, adduction or other similar position) on the right	2001				
78.	(complete abduction, adduction or other similar position) on the left	30%				
70	Complete ankylosis of shoulder joint in a functionally adverse position (abduction 50 degrees. flexion 40-45 degrees, internal rotation 20 degrees) on	200/				
79.	the right	30%				
80.	Complete ankylosis of shoulder joint in a functionally adverse position (abduction 50 degrees. flexion 40-45 degrees, internal rotation 20 degrees) on	25%				
	the left					
81.	Limited mobility of the shoulder joint of a light degree (external rotation, incomplete flexion more than 135 degrees) on the right	5%				
82.	Limited mobility of the shoulder joint of a light degree (external rotation,	4%				
	incomplete flexion more than 135 degrees) on the left Limited mobility of the shoulder joint of a moderate degree (external rotation					
83.	up to 135 degrees) on the right	10%				
84.	Limited mobility of the shoulder joint of a moderate degree (external rotation up to 135 degrees) on the left	8%				
85.	Limited mobility of the shoulder joint of a severe degree (external rotation up to 90 degrees) on the right	18%				
86.	Limited mobility of the shoulder joint of a severe degree (external rotation up to					
	90 degrees) on the left Habitual posttraumatic dislocation of the shoulder joint on the right (three	15%				
87.	reductions performed by a physician, dislocation confirmed by x-ray)	20%				
88.	Habitual posttraumatic dislocation of the shoulder joint on the left (three reductions performed by a physician, dislocation confirmed by x-ray)	16.50%				
89.	Inveterate dislocation of sternoclavicular joint on the right	3%				
90.	Inveterate dislocation of sternoclavicular joint on the left	2.50%				
91. 92.	Inveterate dislocation of sternoclavicular joint on the right (Tossy II and III)	6% 5%				
93.	Inveterate dislocation of sternoclavicular joint on the left (Tossy II and III) Pseudoarthrosis of the humerus on the right	35%				
94.	Pseudoarthrosis of the humerus on the left	30%				
95.	Chronic osteomyelitis of the forearm only after open wounds or surgical	30%				
	procedures, essential to treat consequences of the trauma on the right Chronic osteomyelitis of the forearm only after open wounds or surgical					
96.	procedures, essential to treat consequences of the trauma on the left	25%				
97.	Permanent consequences following the tear of the long head of the biceps tendon on the right	3%				
	Permanent consequences following the tear of the long head of the biceps	201				
98.	tendon on the left	2%				
	Injuries of the elbow joint and of the forearm Complete ankylosis of elbow joint in a functionally adverse position (complete	l				
99.	extension or complete flexion and position close to the above) on the right	30%				
100.	Complete ankylosis of elbow joint in a functionally adverse position (complete extension or complete flexion and position close to the above) on the left	25%				
101.	Complete ankylosis of elbow joint in a functionally beneficial position (flexion angle 90-95 degrees) on the right	20%				
102.	Complete ankylosis of elbow joint in a functionally beneficial position (flexion	16%				
	angle 90-95 degrees) on the right					
103. 104.	Limited mobility of the elbow joint on the right Limited mobility of the elbow joint on the left	up to 18% up to 15%				
	Complete ankylosis of the radioulnar joints with the inability related with					
105.	pronation and supination of the forearm in a functionally adverse position (with maximal pronation or supination) on the right	20%				
100	Complete ankylosis of the radioulnar joints with the inability related with	1.00/				
106.	pronation and supination of the forearm in a functionally adverse position (with maximal pronation or supination) on the left	16%				
107.	Complete ankylosis of the radioulnar joints in functionally beneficial position	up to 20%				
	(intermediate position or slight pronation) on the right Complete ankylosis of the radioulnar joints in functionally beneficial position					
108.	(intermediate position or slight pronation) on the left	up to 16%				
109.	Limited pronation or supination of the forearm on the right	up to 20%				
110. 111.	Limited pronation or supination of the forearm on the left Pseudoarthrosis of both forearm bones on the right	up to 16% 40%				
111.	Pseudoarthrosis of both forearm bones on the left	35%				
113.	Pseudoarthrosis of the radial bone on the right	30%				
114.	Pseudoarthrosis of the radial bone on the left	25%				
115. 116.	Pseudoarthrosis of ulna on the right Pseudoarthrosis of ulna on the left	20% 15%				
117.	Instability of the elbow joint on the right	up to 20%				
118.	Instability of the elbow joint on the left	up to 15%				
		12				

119. 120. 121.		
121.	Loss of the forearm with maintained elbow joint on the right	55%
	Loss of the forearm with maintained elbow joint on the left	45%
	Chronic osteomyelitis of the forearm on the right (only after open wounds or	27%
122	surgical procedures, essential to treat consequences of the trauma)	2170
	Chronic osteomyelitis of the forearm on the left (only after open wounds or	22%
122.	surgical procedures, essential to treat consequences of the trauma)	2270
	Hand loss or injury	
123.	Loss of the hand on the level of the wrist on the right	50%
124.	Loss of the hand on the level of the wrist on the left	42%
125.	Loss of all fingers, possibly including the carpal bone on the right	50%
126.	Loss of all fingers, possibly including the carpal bone on the left	42%
127	Loss of fingers of the hand except for the thumb, including the carpal bone on	450/
127.	the right	45%
120	Loss of fingers of the hand except for the thumb, including the carpal bone on	400/
128.	the left	40%
400	Complete ankylosis of the wrist in a functionally adverse position (position in an	200/
129.	extreme palmar flexion) on the right	30%
120	Complete ankylosis of the wrist in a functionally adverse position (position in an	250/
130.	extreme palmar flexion) on the left	25%
121	Complete ankylosis of the wrist in a functionally adverse position (position in an	150/
131.	extreme palmar flexion) on the right	15%
100	Complete ankylosis of the wrist in a functionally adverse position (position in an	10.500/
132.	extreme palmar flexion) on the left	12.50%
400	Complete ankylosis of the wrist in a functionally beneficial position (dorsal	200/
133.	flexion 20-40 degrees) on the right	20%
	Complete ankylosis of the wrist in a functionally beneficial position (dorsal	
134.	flexion 20-40 degrees) on the left	17%
135.	Pseudoarthrosis of the scaphoid bone on the right	15%
136.	Pseudoarthrosis of the scaphoid bone on the left	12%
137.	Limited mobility of the wrist on the right	up to 20%
138.	Limited mobility of the wrist on the light	up to 20%
139.	Instability of the wrist on the left Instability of the wrist on the right (confirmed with an X-ray or an ultrasound)	up to 17%
	Instability of the wrist on the right (confirmed with an X-ray or an ultrasound) Instability of the wrist on the left (confirmed with an X-ray or an ultrasound)	
140.		up to 10%
1.11	Thumb injuries	001
141.	Loss of the distal phalanx of the thumb on the right	9%
142.	Loss of the distal phalanx of the thumb on the left	7%
143.	Loss of the thumb with metacarpal bone on the right	25%
144.	Loss of the thumb with metacarpal bone on the left	21%
145.	Loss of both phalanxes of the thumb on the right	18%
146.	Loss of both phalanxes of the thumb on the left	15%
147	Complete ankylosis of interphalangeal joint of the thumb in a functionally	00%
147.	adverse position (extreme flexion) on the right	8%
140	Complete ankylosis of interphalangeal joint of the thumb in a functionally	70/
148.	adverse position (extreme flexion) on the left	7%
140	Complete ankylosis of interphalangeal joint of the thumb in a functionally	70/
149.	adverse position (extreme flexion) on the right	7%
150	Complete ankylosis of interphalangeal joint of the thumb in a functionally	60/
150.	adverse position (extreme flexion) on the left	6%
	Complete ankylosis of interphalangeal joint of the thumb in a functionally	
151.	beneficial position (slight flexion) on the right	6%
	Complete ankylosis of interphalangeal joint of the thumb in a functionally	
152.	beneficial position (slight flexion) on the left	5%
153.	Complete ankylosis of metacarpophalangeal joint of the thumb on the right	6%
154.	Complete ankylosis of metacarpophalangeal joint of the thumb on the left	5%
10	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally	0,0
155.	adverse position (complete abduction or adduction) on the right	9%
	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally	370
	complete ankylosis of carpoinetacarparjoine of the thamb in functionally	
156.	adverse position (complete abduction or adduction) on the left	7.50%
156.	adverse position (complete abduction or adduction) on the left	
156. 157.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally	
	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right	7.50%
	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally	7.50%
157.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left	7.50%
157.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on	7.50%
157. 158.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right	7.50% 6% 5%
157. 158.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25%
157. 158. 159.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the left	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25%
157. 158. 159.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25% up to 21%
157. 158. 159. 160.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the right	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25% up to 21%
157. 158. 159. 160.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25% up to 21% up to 6%
157. 158. 159. 160.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the left	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25% up to 21% up to 6%
157. 158. 159. 160.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25% up to 21% up to 6% up to 5%
157. 158. 159. 160. 161.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the right	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25% up to 21% up to 6% up to 5% up to 9%
157. 158. 159. 160. 161.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the right	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25% up to 21% up to 6% up to 5% up to 5% up to 9%
157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25% up to 21% up to 6% up to 5% up to 9%
157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Index finger injury	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25% up to 21% up to 6% up to 5% up to 5% up to 7.5%
157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Index finger injury Loss of the phalanx of the index finger on the right	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25% up to 21% up to 6% up to 5% up to 7.5%
157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Index finger injury Loss of the phalanx of the index finger on the right Loss of the phalanx of the index finger on the left	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25% up to 21% up to 6% up to 5% up to 5% 4%
157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Index Ingerinjury Loss of the phalanx of the index finger on the left Loss of two phalanxes of the index finger on the right	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25% up to 21% up to 5% up to 5% up to 5% 4% 8%
157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Index finger injury Loss of the phalanx of the index finger on the right Loss of two phalanxes of the index finger on the right Loss of two phalanxes of the index finger on the left	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25% up to 21% up to 6% up to 5% up to 9% 4% 4% 8% 6%
157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Impaired function of the index finger on the right Loss of the phalanx of the index finger on the right Loss of two phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of lit three phalanxes of the index finger on the right	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25% up to 21% up to 6% up to 5% up to 9% 4% 8% 6% 12%
157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Impaired function of the index finger on the right Loss of the phalanxe of the index finger on the right Loss of two phalanxes of the index finger on the right Loss of all three phalanxes of the index finger on the left	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25% up to 21% up to 6% up to 5% up to 9% 4% 4% 8% 6%
157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168. 169. 170.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Index finger injury Loss of the phalanx of the index finger on the right Loss of two phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of all three phalanxes of the index finger on the right Loss of all three phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the right	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25% up to 21% up to 6% up to 5% up to 7.5% 5% 4% 8% 6% 6% 12% 10% 15%
157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168. 169.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Index finger injury Loss of the phalanx of the index finger on the right Loss of the phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of two phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of all three phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of all three phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the right Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the left	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25% up to 21% up to 6% up to 5% up to 7.5% 5% 4% 8% 6% 12% 10%
157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 169. 170. 171. 172.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Index finger injury Loss of the phalanx of the index finger on the right Loss of two phalanxes of the index finger on the right Loss of two phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of all three phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the left Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the right Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the left Complete ankylosis of all three joints of the index finger in extreme extension or	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25% up to 21% up to 6% up to 5% up to 7.5% 5% 49% 8% 6% 12% 10% 15%
157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168. 169. 170.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Loss of the phalanx of the index finger on the right Loss of the phalanx of the index finger on the left Loss of two phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of all three phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the right Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the left Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the left Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the left Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the left Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the left	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25% up to 21% up to 6% up to 5% up to 7.5% 5% 4% 8% 6% 6% 12% 10% 15%
157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168. 169. 170. 171. 172.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Index finger injury Loss of the phalanx of the index finger on the right Loss of two phalanxes of the index finger on the right Loss of two phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of all three phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the left Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the right Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the left Complete ankylosis of all three joints of the index finger in extreme extension or	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25% up to 25% up to 6% up to 5% up to 9% 4% 4% 6% 12% 10% 15%
157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 169. 170. 171. 172.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Loss of the phalanx of the index finger on the right Loss of the phalanx of the index finger on the left Loss of two phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of all three phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the right Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the left Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the left Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the left Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the left Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the left	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25% up to 21% up to 6% up to 5% up to 7.5% 5% 49% 8% 6% 12% 10% 15%
157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168. 169. 170. 171. 172.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Impaired function of the left Loss of the phalanx of the index finger on the right Loss of the phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of two phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of all three phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the right Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the left Complete ankylosis of all three joints of the index finger in extreme extension or in extreme flexion on the right	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25% up to 25% up to 5% up to 5% up to 5% 10% 10% 15% 12%
157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168. 169. 170. 171. 172. 173.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Index finger injury Loss of the phalanx of the index finger on the right Loss of the phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of the phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of the phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of all three phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the right Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the left Complete ankylosis of all three joints of the index finger in extreme extension or in extreme flexion on the left	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25% up to 25% up to 6% up to 5% up to 9% 4% 6% 12% 10% 15% 12% up to 10%
157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168. 169. 170. 171. 171. 172. 173.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Loss of the phalanx of the index finger on the right Loss of the phalanx of the index finger on the right Loss of two phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of all three phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the left Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the left Complete ankylosis of all three joints of the index finger in extreme extension or in extreme flexion on the right Impaired function of catching with index finger on the left Impaired function of catching with index finger on the left	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25% up to 25% up to 6% up to 5% up to 9% 4% 4% 6% 12% 10% 15%
157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168. 169. 170. 171. 171. 172. 173.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Uncay finger injury Loss of the phalanx of the index finger on the right Loss of the phalanx of the index finger on the right Loss of two phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of all three phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of all three phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the right Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the left Complete ankylosis of all three joints of the index finger in extreme extension or in extreme flexion on the left Impaired function of catching with index finger on the left Impaired function of catching with index finger on the left Impaired function of catching with index finger on the left	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25% up to 25% up to 6% up to 5% up to 9% 4% 6% 12% 10% 15% 12% up to 10%
157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168. 170. 171. 172. 173. 174.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Loss of the phalanx of the index finger on the right Loss of the phalanx of the index finger on the right Loss of two phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of all three phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the left Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the left Complete ankylosis of all three joints of the index finger in extreme extension or in extreme flexion on the right Impaired function of catching with index finger on the left Impaired function of catching with index finger on the left	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25% up to 21% up to 6% up to 5% up to 9% 4% 8% 6% 12% 10% 15% 12% 12% up to 10% up to 8%
157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168. 170. 171. 172. 173. 174.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Impaired function of the index finger on the right Loss of the phalanx of the index finger on the right Loss of the phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of the phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of all three phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of all three phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the right Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the left Complete ankylosis of all three joints of the index finger in extreme extension or in extreme flexion on the left Impaired function of catching with index finger on the left Impaired function of catching with index finger on the left Impaired function of catching with index finger on the left Impaired function of catching with index finger on the left Impaired function of catching with index finger on the left Impaired function of catching with index finger on the left Impaired function of catching with index finger on the left Impaired function of catching on the left Impaired function of catching	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25% up to 21% up to 6% up to 5% up to 9% 4% 8% 6% 12% 10% 15% 12% 12% up to 10% up to 8%
157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 170. 171. 172. 173. 174.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Loss of the phalanx of the index finger on the right Loss of the phalanx of the index finger on the right Loss of two phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of all three phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the left Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the left Complete ankylosis of all three joints of the index finger in extreme extension or in extreme flexion on the right Complete ankylosis of all three joints of the index finger in extreme extension or in extreme flexion on the right Impaired function of catching with index finger on the left Impaired function of catching with limited finger on the right Impaired function of catching with limited finger on the left Impaired function of catching with limited finger on the right Impaired function of catching with limited	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25% up to 21% up to 6% up to 5% up to 9% 4% 8% 6% 12% 10% 15% 12% 12% up to 10% up to 8%
157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 170. 171. 172. 173. 174. 175. 176.	Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the right Complete ankylosis of carpometacarpal joint of the thumb in functionally beneficial position (slight opposition) on the left Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the right Complete ankylosis of all joints of the thumb in functionally adverse position on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the metacarpophalangeal joint and interphalangeal joint on the left Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the right Impaired function of thumb catching with limited mobility of the carpometacarpal joint on the left Index finger injury Loss of the phalanx of the index finger on the right Loss of the phalanx of the index finger on the right Loss of two phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of two phalanxes of the index finger on the left Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the right Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the left Loss of the index finger with metacarpal bone on the right Complete ankylosis of all three joints of the index finger in extreme extension or in extreme flexion on the right Complete ankylosis of all three joints of the index finger in extreme extension or in extreme flexion on the left Impaired function of catching with index finger on the right Impaired function of catching with index finger on the left Impaired function of catching with limex finger on the left Impaired function of catching with limex finger on the left Impaired function of catching with limex finger on the left	7.50% 6% 5% up to 25% up to 25% up to 6% up to 5% up to 9% 4% 86% 6% 12% 12% 15% 12% up to 10% up to 10% up to 30%

180.	Incapacity to perform full extension of the metacarpophalangeal joint of the index finger with impaired abduction on the left	2%
	Injury of the middle, cordial and small fingers	
181. 182.	Loss of the whole finger with relevant metacarpal bone on the right Loss of the whole finger with relevant metacarpal bone on the left	9% 7%
183.	Loss of all three or two phalanxes with ankylosis of the metacarpophalangeal	8%
	joint on the right Loss of all three or two phalanxes with ankylosis of the metacarpophalangeal	
184.	joint on the left	6%
185.	Loss of two phalanxes of a finger with maintained function of the metacarpophalangeal joint on the right	5%
186.	Loss of two phalanxes of a finger with maintained function of the	4%
	metacarpophalangeal joint on the left Loss of the distal phalanx of one of the fingers on the right	3%
187. 188.	Loss of the distal phalanx of one of the fingers on the right	2%
189.	Complete ankylosis of all three joints of one of fingers in extreme extension or	00/
109.	extreme flexion (in a position preventing function of neighboring fingers) on the right	9%
190.	Complete ankylosis of all three joints of one of fingers in extreme extension or extreme flexion (in a position preventing function of neighboring fingers) on the left	7%
191.	Impaired catching function of the thumb (limited flexion towards the hand) on the right	up to 8%
192.	Impaired catching function of the thumb (limited flexion towards the hand) on	up to 6%
193.	the left Incapacity to execute full extension of one of the interphalangeal joints with	1%
194.	unimpaired catching function of the thumb, on the left, on the right Incapacity to perform full extension of the metacarpophalangeal joint of the	1.50%
	index finger with impaired abduction on the right Incapacity to perform full extension of the metacarpophalangeal joint of the	
195.	index finger with impaired abduction on the left	1%
	Traumatic lesions in the upper extremity nerves The evaluation already includes any vasomotor and trophic disorders	
196.	Traumatic injury of the axillary nerve on the right	up to 30%
197.	Traumatic injury of the axillary nerve on the left	up to 25%
198.	Traumatic injury of the radial nerve trunk with injury of all innervated muscles on the right	up to 45%
199.	Traumatic injury of the radial nerve trunk with injury of all innervated muscles on the left	up to 37%
200.	Traumatic injury of the radial nerve with maintained function of the triceps	up to 35%
201.	muscle on the right Traumatic injury of the radial nerve with maintained function of the triceps	up to 27%
202.	muscle on the left Traumatic injury of the musculocutaneous nerve on the right	up to 30%
203.	Traumatic injury of the musculocutaneous nerve on the right	up to 30%
204.	Traumatic injury of the radial nerve trunk with injury of all innervated muscles	up to 40%
205.	on the right Traumatic injury of the radial nerve trunk with injury of all innervated muscles on the left	up to 33%
206.	Traumatic injury of the distal part of the ulnar nerve with maintained function of the flexor carpi ulnarus muscle and part of the flexor digitorum profundus on the right	up to 30%
207.	Traumatic injury of the distal part of the ulnar nerve with maintained function of the flexor carpi ulnarus muscle and part of the flexor digitorum profundus on the left	up to 25%
208.	Traumatic injury of the trunk of the median nerve with injury of all innervated muscles on the right	up to 30%
209.	Traumatic injury of the trunk of the median nerve with injury of all innervated muscles on the left	up to 25%
210.	Traumatic injury of the distal part of the median nerve with injury of the muscles in the ball of the thumb on the right	up to 15%
211.	Traumatic injury of the distal part of the median nerve with injury of the	12%
	muscles in the ball of the thumb on the left Traumatic injury of all three nerves, possibly also the whole brachial plexus on	
212.	the right Traumatic injury of all three nerves, possibly also the whole brachial plexus on	up to 60%
	the left LOWER EXTREMITY INJURIES	
	Injuries of the hip, thigh and knee	
214. 215.	Loss of one extremity in the hip joint or between the hip joint and the knee joint Pseudoarthrosis of the femur or necrosis of the head of the femur	50% 40%
216.	Hip endoprosthesis (apart from the evaluation of the limitation concerning the	15%
217.	mobility of the joint) Chronic osteomyelitis of the femur (only after open fractures or surgical	25%
218.	procedures, essential to treat consequences of the trauma) Shortening one lower extremity up to 1 cm	0%
219.	Shortening one lower extremity up to 1 cm	up to 5%
220.	Shortening one lower extremity up to 6 cm	up to 15%
221.	Shortening one lower extremity by more than 6 cm Posttraumatic deformation of the femur (healed fractures) with axial or	up to 25%
222.	rostraumatic deformation of the lemmir (neated fractures) with axial or rotational deflection, for each whole 5° of the deflection (confirmed by an x-ray) Deflections exceeding 45° shall be evaluated as a loss of the extremity	5%
223.	Complete ankylosis of the hip joint in a functionally adverse position (complete abduction or complete adduction, complete extension or complete flexion and a similar position)	40%
224.	Complete ankylosis of the hip joint in a functionally beneficial position (light adduction or slight flexion)	30%
225.	Limited mobility of the hip joint of a light degree	up to 10%
226.	Limited mobility of the hip joint of a moderate degree	up to 20%
227.	Limited mobility of the hip joint of a severe degree Knee injuries	up to 30%
228.	Complete ankylosis of the knee in a functionally adverse position (complete	30%
229.	abduction or flexion at an angle of 20° and more) Complete ankylosis of the knee in a functionally adverse position (flexion at an	45%
230.	angle of 30° and more) Complete ankylosis of the knee in a functionally beneficial position (angle of	
230.	flexion up to 20°)	up to 30%

231.	Endoprosthesis in the area of the knee joint (apart from the evaluation of the limitation concerning the mobility of the joint)	15%				
232.	Limited mobility of the knee joint of a light degree	up to 109				
233.	Limited mobility of the knee joint of a moderate degree					
234.		up to 159				
	Limited mobility of the knee joint of a severe degree	up to 259				
235.	Instability of the knee joint resulting from the failure of one collateral ligament	5%				
236.	cruciate ligament					
239.	Instability of the knee joint resulting from the failure anterior or posterior cruciate ligament	up to 25%				
238.	Permanent implications following the removal of one meniscus (depending on the scope of the removed part – at least 1/3 of the meniscus, established basing on the result of a surgery)	up to 5%				
239.	Permanent implications following the removal of both meniscuses (depending on the scope of the removed part – at least 1/3 of each meniscus, established basing on the result of a surgery)	up to 10%				
240.	Permanent implications following the removal of the patella, including atrophy of muscles of the thigh and peroneus muscles	up to 109				
	Lower leg injuries					
241.	Loss of the lower extremity on the level of the lower leg with maintained knee joint	45%				
242.	Loss of the lower extremity on the level of the lower leg with maintained knee joint	50%				
243.	Pseudoarthrosis of the tibia or both shin bones	30%				
	Chronic osteomyelitis of the shin bone only after open fractures or surgical					
244.	procedures, essential to treat consequences of the trauma	22%				
245.	Posttraumatic deformation of the lower leg resulting from healing of fractures in axial or rotational deflection (deflections have to be confirmed by an x-ray), for each whole 5°	5%				
	Deflections exceeding 45° shall be evaluated as a loss on the level of the lower leg					
	Injuries of the ankle joint area					
246.	Loss of foot to the level of the tarsal joint	40%				
247.	Loss of the heel on the Chopart's joint	30%				
248.	Loss of the heel up to the level of the Lisfranc joint	25%				
249.	Complete ankylosis of the tarsal joint in a functionally adverse position (dorsal flexion or plantar flexion exceeding 20°)	30%				
250.	Complete ankylosis of the tarsal joint in a position at right angle	25%				
251.	Complete ankylosis of the tarsal joint in a functionally beneficial position (flexion to the surface of about 5°)	20%				
252.	Limited mobility of the tarsal joint of a light degree	up to 6%				
253.	Limited mobility of the tarsal joint of a moderate degree	up to 129				
254.	Limited mobility of the tarsal joint of a moderate degree	up to 127				
255.	Limited pronation or supination of the foot	up to 129				
256.	Complete loss of pronation or supination of the foot	15%				
257.	Instability of the tarsal joint (confirmed by an x-ray or an ultrasound)	up to 209				
258.	Fallen arch or pes cavus and other posttraumatic deformations of the foot and	up to 259				
259.	tarsal joint Chronic osteomyelitis of foot bones and metatarsal bones, only after open fractures or surgical procedures, essential to treat consequences of the trauma	15%				
200	Injuries of the foot area	150/				
260.	Loss of all toes in a foot	15%				
261.	Loss of both phalanxes of the hallux	10%				

262.	Loss of both phalanxes of the hallux with metatarsal bone or its part						
263.	Loss of the distal phalanx of the hallux	3%					
264.	Loss of the other toe (including the little toe), for each toe	2%					
265.	Loss of the little toe with metatarsal bone or its part	10%					
266.	Complete ankylosis of the interphalangeal joint of the hallux						
267.	Complete ankylosis of the metatarsophalangeal joint of the hallux	7%					
268.	Complete ankylosis of both joints of the hallux	8%					
269.							
270.	Limited mobility of the metatarsophalangeal joint of the hallux	up to 7%					
271.	Impaired function of any toe other than the hallux, for each toe	1%					
272.	Posttraumatic circulatory and trophic lesions covering one lower extremity	up to 15%					
273.	Posttraumatic circulatory and trophic lesions covering both lower extremities	up to 30%					
274.	Posttraumatic atrophy of lower extremity muscles with limited scope of mobility concerning thigh joints	5%					
275.	Poettraumatic atrophy of lower extremity muscles with unlimited scope of						
	Traumatic lesions in the lower extremity nerves						
	The evaluation already includes any vasomotor and trophic disorders						
276.	Traumatic injury of the sciatic nerve	up to 50%					
277.	Traumatic injury of the femoral nerve	up to 30%					
278.	Traumatic injury of the obturator nerve	up to 20%					
279.	Traumatic injury of the trunk of the tibial nerve with injury of all innervated muscles	up to 35%					
280.	Traumatic injury of the distal part of the tibial nerve with impaired function of	4- 50/					
	toes	up to 5%					
281.	toes Traumatic injury of the trunk of the common peroneal nerve with injury of all innervated muscles	up to 30%					
	Traumatic injury of the trunk of the common peroneal nerve with injury of all	1					
281.	Traumatic injury of the trunk of the common peroneal nerve with injury of all innervated muscles	up to 30%					
281. 282.	Traumatic injury of the trunk of the common peroneal nerve with injury of all innervated muscles Traumatic injury of the deep peroneal nerve	up to 30% up to 20%					
281. 282.	Traumatic injury of the trunk of the common peroneal nerve with injury of all innervated muscles Traumatic injury of the deep peroneal nerve Traumatic injury of the superficial peroneal nerve	up to 30% up to 20%					
281. 282. 283.	Traumatic injury of the trunk of the common peroneal nerve with injury of all innervated muscles Traumatic injury of the deep peroneal nerve Traumatic injury of the superficial peroneal nerve OTHER TYPES OF LASTING REPERCUSSIONS Scars and deformations (apart from the point 36 in the present table), which up	up to 30% up to 20% up to 10%					
281. 282. 283.	Traumatic injury of the trunk of the common peroneal nerve with injury of all innervated muscles Traumatic injury of the deep peroneal nerve Traumatic injury of the superficial peroneal nerve OTHER TYPES OF LASTING REPERCUSSIONS Scars and deformations (apart from the point 36 in the present table), which up to not impact the functional impairment	up to 30% up to 20% up to 10% None					

Auxiliary table used for estimating the degree of injury in case of lowered visual acuity with optimal correction of the vision using glasses.

Vizus	6/6	6/9	6/12	6/15	6/18	6/24	6/36	6/60	3/60
6/6	0%	2%	4%	6%	9%	12%	15%	18%	25%
6/9	2%	4%	6%	9%	12%	15%	18%	21%	28%
6/12	4%	6%	9%	12%	15%	18%	21%	25%	31%
6/15	6%	9%	12%	15%	18%	21%	25%	29%	35%
6/18	9%	12%	15%	18%	21%	25%	29%	33%	39%
6/24	12%	15%	18%	21%	25%	29%	33%	38%	44%
6/36	15%	18%	21%	25%	29%	33%	38%	43%	49%
6/60	18%	21%	25%	29%	33%	38%	43%	49%	55%
3/60	25%	28%	31%	35%	39%	44%	49%	55%	65%